

AGENDA NOTE FOR 164th QUARTERLY REVIEW MEETING OF STATE LEVEL BANKERS' COMMITTEE HIMACHAL PRADESH

AGENDA ITEM NO.1

Confirmation of Minutes of the 163rd State Level bankers' Committee Meeting held on 28.03.2022:

The 163rd meeting of SLBC, Himachal Pradesh was held on 28.03.2022, the minutes of which were circulated to the members vide Convener Bank letter No. DGM/SLBC/2021-22/163 dated 04.04.2022

Since no comments have been received by the Convenor Bank from any quarter, the House is requested to approve the same.

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ACTION TAKEN REPORT

Action Taken Report with respect to 163rd SLBC Meeting:

1	Action Suggested	Action Taken
1.1	Revamping of SLBC website	
	It is well within the notice of member Banks that the new website has been made operational for data entry since June, 2020 quarter in compliance with the RBI instructions. The issue was pending for switch over to new portal due to one or other issue. From September, 2021, SLBC decided to capture the data only from new portal and all banks were directed to submit a certificate towards accuracy of SLBC Data.	At present, there are 7 Banks in the State who are not portal-ready till date. As a follow up action we have written letters to all the 7 Banks. The comments received are given below: 1. Chamba & Parwanoo Urban Coop. Banks have developed in-house system to upload the SLBC Data on the portal. 2. Mandi, Shimla & Bhagat Urban Cooperative Banks are yet to update the system. 3. In the Cooperative Sector, Kangra Central Cooperative Bank is yet to develop the system to upload SLBC data on the portal. 4. ARDB Shimla is exempted for the time being as their working not on CBS. Their transition to CBS system is undergoing. All other Banks are uploading the data on SLBC revamped portal
1.2	Issue of Claim Settlement under PMFBY The Agriculture Insurance Co. has refunded the Add-on Premium of UCO Bank Anti and HPSCB Jubbal which was remitted to AIC on 03.01.2020 for A pple Crop covering the loss due to hail storm. The Insurance Company did not object on receipt of add-on cover premium but when the claim was raised they refunded the premium, after about 5 months.	On 10.06.2021, Director Horticulture, Shimla convened a reconciliation meeting with SLBC & Insurance Co. to settle the issue. The issue is still pending for settlement. It was also discussed in the PMFBY/RWBCIS meeting held under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary on 01.11.2021 alongwith Director Agriculture, Director Horticulture, and Insurance Co. The CS has directed the RM AIC to resolve the issue at an early date. The outcome of the same is still awaited. We request the intervention of CS Sir.
1.3	Opening of Banking Touch Points in Unbanked Villages in HP State	we request the intervention of est sin.
	sharing the list with us pertaining to	We have requested to enhance the 5 kms radius criteria for these centers as opening of a Branch or appointment of a BC is not feasible.

As per last Report there were 7 Points in the State.

The CS sir has desired to keep the issue pending.

villages without Banking Touch We request the House to reconsider the issue to enhance the radius to 15 kms as there is no other option open to solve the issue as the KCCB has expressed their inability to open the Branch.

At present the below mention 4 villages are only Unbanked Villages in HP State.

Sr.	Distt Name	Sub-Distt Name	Village Name	Population	Served by
1	Kangra	Fatehpur	Mohli Khas (14)	239	KCCB, Indora
2	Shimla	Chaupal	Jabna (67)	79	IPPB, HPSCB Deha
3	Shimla	Theog	Jangal Chadaha(61)	108	IPPB, SBI & HPSCB, Deha
4	Shimla	Theog	Jangal Khagn (60)	63	IPPB, SBI & HPSCB, Deha

SARFAESI ACT PROVISIONS. 1.4

raised the issue that Magistrates are not cooperating for granting sanction for protection while taking the possession of a chargeable security of NPA Loans.

The Chairman HP Gramin Bank had We have taken up the matter with CS through District mail sent on 28.04.2022 and 11.05.2022.

> police We have not received any confirmation to this effect from the office of CS sir.

> > We request for the favour please.

AGENDA ITEM NO.-2

2.1.1 Resolution Framework 2.0 – Policy on Resolution of COVID-19 Related Stress of Individuals and Small Businesses.

To alleviate the potential stress caused by the resurgence of COVID-19, RBI has announced new vide Circular RBI/2021-22/31 set of measures its no. STR.REC.11/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 05.05.2021 wherein standard borrowal accounts as on 31.03.2021 relating to Personal Loans to Individuals and Small Business loans and advances to individuals and other entities who have aggregate exposure up to Rs.50 Crore in any sector and any amount in respect of borrowers in the Hospitality Sector & Tourism sector, Leisure and Sporting sector and Civil Aviation sector from all the lending institutions as on 31.03.2021 can be restructured.

Eligible borrowers' accounts in which resolution plan involving moratorium/ extension of repayment period of less than two years were implemented as per earlier Resolution Framework 1.0 (RBI's circular dated 06.08.2020) can also be considered for further moratorium/ extension.

In respect of Working Capital to individuals and Small Business where Resolution Plan has been implemented earlier (as per RBI circular dated 06.08.2020) may also be reviewed, as a one-time measure with regard to reassessment of working capital cycle, reduction of margin, etc. without the same being treated a restructuring. However, such reassessed margin and working capital limit will be restored as per earlier Resolution Plan by 31.03.2023.

2.1.2 Resolution Framework 2.0 – Policy on Resolution of COVID-19 Related Stress of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) borrowers up to Rs. 50.00 Crore

In view of the uncertainties created by the resurgence of the COVID-19 pandemic in India in the recent times, RBI has extended the facility for restructuring existing MSME loans without a downgrade in the asset with some modifications vide their circular RBI/2021-22/31 DOR. STR.REC.11/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 05.05.2021. Standard Borrowal accounts as on 31.03.2021 relating to MSME having aggregate exposure up to Rs. 25 crore from all the lending institutions as on 31.03.2021 can be restructured. Further to this RBI vide its circular no. RBI/2021-22/47DOR.STR.REC. 21/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 04.06.2021 has enhanced the threshold for aggregate exposure from Rs.25.00 Crore to Rs.50.00 Crore.

Other Important Features and Nature of account and Tenor of Credit under the Scheme

- A separate loan account should be opened for the borrower, distinct from the existing loan account(s), for coverage under the Scheme.
- Under ECLGS 1.0 the tenor of loans provided under GECL shall be four years from the date of first disbursement.
- Under ECLGS 2.0, the tenor of facilities provided under GECL shall be for a period of 5 years from the date of first disbursement of fund based facility or first date of utilization of non-fund based facility, whichever is earlier. To be eligible for guarantee cover of the sanctioned non-fund based facility, first utilization must happen on or before December 31, 2021.
- Under ECLGS 3.0, the tenor of facilities provided under GECL shall be six years from the date of first disbursement.
- Under ECLGS 4.0, the tenor of facilities provided under GECL shall be for a maximum period of 5 years from the date of first disbursement of fund based facility or first date of utilization of non-fund based facility, whichever is earlier. Last date of disbursement under fund based facility and utilization of LC under non-fund facility shall be December 31, 2021.
- The last date of disbursement for fund based facility under the scheme (ECLGS 1.0, ECLGS 2.0, 3.0 & 4.0) shall be December 31, 2021.
- While no last date has been stipulated for the non-fund based facility under

ECLGS 2.0, the MLIs should ensure to progressively reduce their liability under the non-fund based facility as the guarantee cover under the scheme for a particular borrower shall expire on completion of 5 years from the first date of utilization by the borrower under ECLGS 2.0 or December 31, 2026, whichever is earlier.

- No pre-payment penalty shall, however, be charged by the MLIs in case of early repayment.
- Moratorium period of one year on the principal amount shall be provided to borrowers for the fund based portion of GECL credit under ECLGS 1.0 & 2.0 and 6 months for the fund based portion of GECL under ECLGS 4.0 during which interest shall be payable. Moratorium period of 2 years on the principal amount shall be provided to borrowers for GECL facility (only fund based is allowed) under ECLGS 3.0, during which period interest shall be payable.
- The principal shall be repaid in 36 monthly installments under ECLGS 1.0 in 48 monthly installments under ECLGS 2.0 and 3.0 and in maximum 54 monthly installments under ECLGS 4.0, after the moratorium period is over.
- Pre-payment of facilities to be allowed at no additional charge to the borrower. The account may be operated in combination with applicable Interest Subvention Scheme(s) as far as feasible.RBI's approval has been obtained for keeping risk weight for loans provided under GECL at zero.

2.2 Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan

The Government of India took fast remedial steps visualizing that the Industries Sector falling under MSME is affected the most. The Prime Minister of India on May 12, announced a Rs. 20 lakh crore economic relief packages titled Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan (estimated at 10% of the GDP), with a clearly defined leap towards economic reforms that will, in his words lead to Atmanirbhar Bharat, or a self-reliant, resilient India.

The relief package has started unveiling in tranches from May 13 by Finance Minister, the first tranche of which is aimed at micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs), non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) and at some individuals, The Rs. 3 lakh crore Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) scheme is aimed at MSMEs or business enterprises - constituted as proprietorships, partnerships, registered companies, trusts and limited liability partnerships (LLPs), as well as interested borrowers under Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojna or PMMY.

A total of Rs. 3 lakh crore was allocated for the scheme which has been increased to 5.00 lakh crore. All MSMEs with a turnover of up to Rs. 100 crore and with outstanding credit of up to Rs 50 crore will be eligible to borrow up to 20% of their total outstanding credit as on Feb 29th, 2020. This limit is now extended to 30% of the total outstanding credit balance as on 29.02.2020 or 31.03.2021 whichever is higher. These loans will have six-year tenure with two year moratorium for principal repayment. The scheme would be applicable to all loans sanctioned under GECL during the period from date of issue of these guidelines by NCGTC to 31.03.2023 or till guarantees for an amount of Rupees 5,00,000 Crore are issued (taking into account ECLGS 1.0, 2.0, 3.0 & 4.0), whichever is earlier.

The announcements have started taking material form. The Banks have started coming up with disbursement of relief package to the eligible beneficiaries. The progress is being monitored at Corporate Level with regular VCs. We give below the **achievement under Instant Credit to MSME** from 1st April, 2020 to 30th April, 2022 for the information of all the stakeholders.

The eligible accounts under instant credit as on 29.02.2020 were 86056 having outstanding amount of Rs. 3975.34 Crore, and the eligible accounts under GECL were 105242 having outstanding amount of Rs. 6495.23 Crore.

Achievement under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line to MSME from 1st April, 2020 to 30th April, 2022 is presented below for the information of all the stakeholders.

		er Instant Credit to p to 30.04.2022	Sanction under GECL up to 30.04.2022			
Banks	No. of A/Cs	Amount Financed (In Crore)	No. of A/Cs	Amount Financed (In Crore)		
Public Sector Banks	12513	227	52441	1136		
Regional Rural Banks	7895	69	3925	65		
Private Sector Banks	345	111	3023	402		
Coop. Sector Banks	10516	386	0	0		
Total	31269	792	59389	1603		

2.3 KCC SATURATION SCHEME

The Government of India, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare, vide their letter dated 06.02.2020, launched a drive to saturate all eligible farmers of the country under KCC and launched The PM Kisan, an income scheme for all land holder farmers families in the Country. More than 9.70 Crore farmers families have been registered on the PM Kisan Portal and benefit of income support has been transferred to 8.40 crore farmers. There are 6.67 Crore KCC holder farmers in the Country. In HP State, we have 936409 farmers out of which 437399 farmers have been covered under the KCC Scheme.

To provide benefit of KCC to all PM Kisan Beneficiaries in mission mode, a special drive has been launched, starting from 08.02.2020.

With regard to the above guidelines, progress of the Member Banks in the State during the period from 01.04.2021 to 24.06.2022 is shared for information of the House.

		KC	C app	licatio	ns Sa A/Cs	inctio	oned	(No.	of	KC	KCC Limit Sanction				Rs L	akh	s)	not fo	lication und to igible	n be	
ınder PM Kisan	lications Received	(1	Farmers with AH	or risneries Activities		AH		Fisheries	Grand Total	(t	Farmers with AH	or Fisheries Activities		AH				C either in same	ls, No clear title/ is, etc.		Pending Applications
No. of Beneficiaries under PM Kisan	Cumulative number of KCC applications Received	KCC (Crop Loan)	KCC (Crop Loan) with dairy activity	KCC (Crop Loan) with any other allied activities	Dairy	Poultry	Others			KCC (Crop Loan)	KCC (Crop Loan) with dairy activity	KCC (activities Crop Loan) with any other allied activities	Dairy	Poultry	Others	Fisheries	Grand Total	Applicant already having a KCC either in same bank or others	Non-availability of land records, No clear title/ disputed land records, etc.	Total	No of Pending A
818603	165523	130842	8535	1784	17068	28	696	284	159534	256996	5775	678	15966	192	16419	372	296398	3741	2059	5800	189

The PM Kisan Samman Nidhi paid to farmers in HP since inception in all 11 instalments is given below:

Total District wise beneficiaries and amount paid upto 8th June 2022.							
Name of District	Payment Success	Total amount paid					
Bilaspur	59,597.00	1,16,75,50,000.00					
Chamba	70,196.00	1,42,08,14,000.00					
Hamirpur	59,697.00	1,20,98,42,000.00					
Kangra	2,14,998.00	4,27,37,20,000.00					
Kinnour	10,964.00	20,72,04,000.00					
Kullu	68,118.00	1,40,66,12,000.00					
Lahaul Spiti	3,098.00	5,90,96,000.00					
Mandi	1,70,056.00	3,31,09,34,000.00					
Shimla	93,222.00	1,86,45,68,000.00					
Sirmour	73,346.00	1,27,37,96,000.00					
Solan	68,299.00	1,37,85,64,000.00					
Una	91,267.00	1,74,36,58,000.00					
G. Total	9,82,858.00	19,31,63,58,000.00					
Beneficiaries taken from saturation report 1st installment payment success							

2.4 Review of Performance Under "Mukhya Mantri Swavlamban Yojana-2019" (MMSY-2019)

The H.P. State Government notified Scheme namely "Mukhya Mantri Swavlamban Yojana-2019" by Industries Department with a view to promoting self-employment opportunities in the State and in order to provide livelihood to local youth by encouraging local entrepreneurship.

The scheme "Mukhya Mantri Swavlamban Yojana – 2019" was modified vide Notification dated 19.06.2021 which is being implemented by the Department of Industries. Under this scheme, the youth of Himachal Pradesh between the ages of 18 to 45 will be provided:

- 1. 25 percent capital subsidy on plant and machinery up to an investment of Rs. 60 lakh in industries subject to maximum project cost of Rs.100.00 lakhs.
- 2. Subsidy will be 30 percent in case of Himachali bonafide entrepreneurs and for widow women up to the age of 45 years subsidy component shall 35%.
- 3. Interest subsidy of 5 percent for three years for a loan up to Rs.60 lakhs.
- 4. The Interest subsidy shall not be payable in case of default/rescheduling of the loan.
- 5. Government land will be given at concessional lease rate of 1 percent and to buy private land, stamp duty will be 3% of applicable rate.
- 6. Government will reimburse the CGTMSE fee charged on the loan sanctioned.

Government of Himachal Pradesh, Department of Industries has issued notification vide no. Ind. A (F)2-1/2018 dated 23.02.2019 containing detailed guidelines on the scheme. The notification is also available on the website of Industries Department, Govt of Himachal Pradesh. (http://www.emerginghimachal.hp.gov.in/). The Convenor Bank has already circulated the above mentioned notification to the Member Banks.

The eligible entrepreneurs will be financed by Banks in the State and proposals are being sponsored by the District Industries Centers to Banks in each district for credit linkages. Controlling Head of Member banks are requested to circulate the guidelines to their branches in the State and monitor the progress under the Scheme.

The latest pendency report is appended in below paragraphs. Respective Banks are requested to clear the pendency immediately.

Member Banks are advised to dispose of the pending cases in an expeditious manner, as MMSY is flagship program of State Government with focus on encouraging self-employment opportunity among the youths of Himachal Pradesh. The Industries Department has fixed a Target as given below for the next financial year 2022-23. However, the target for FY 2021-22 was also the same.

a) <u>District-wise Target under MMSY for FY 2022-23</u>

S. No	District	Targets (No. of Accounts)
1.	Bilaspur	210
2.	Chamba	195
3.	Hamirpur	247
4.	Kangra	383
5.	Kinnaur	97
6.	Kullu	278
7.	Lahaul Spiti	90
8.	Mandi	315
9.	Shimla	300
10.	Sirmaur	315
11.	Solan	300
12.	Una	270
	Total	3000

b) <u>Latest Status of Cases Sponsored in the FY 2021-22 under MMSY</u>

Total 5096 cases were sponsored under the Scheme during the financial year 2021-22. Out of the cases, 2665 cases have been sanctioned, 1754 cases have been rejected and 677 cases are lying with the branches for disposal. Consolidated bank-wise list of cases is attached below for the information of the House.

(Amount in Lakhs)

	MMSY PROGRESS FOR THE PERIOD 01.04.2021- 31.03.2022								
S.No	Banks	SPO	NSORED	SANO	CTIONED	PI	ENDING	REJECTED	
		No	Amount	No	Amount	No	Amount	No	Amount
1	Bank of Baroda	63	1487.81	32	732.46	9	247.13	22	508.22
2	Bank of India	37	362.15	24	214.02	2	3.15	11	144.98
3	Bank of Maharashtra	7	220.63	2	87.00	3	107.52	2	26.11
4	Canara Bank	160	2482.54	69	938.39	20	431.08	71	1113.07
5	Central Bank of India	107	1986.17	51	985.73	12	332.27	44	668.16
6	Indian Bank	23	314.80	11	107.90	8	100.25	4	106.65
7	Indian Overseas Bank	10	233.57	6	80.92	1	58.00	3	94.65
8	Punjab & Sind Bank	62	591.38	36	372.23	7	91.08	19	128.07
9	Punjab National Bank	1022	13591.64	515	5386.54	134	3419.18	373	4785.92
10	State Bank of India	1,385	24511.74	598	9487.25	272	6062.50	515	8961.99
11	UCO Bank	472	7035.75	267	3544.31	57	1500.19	148	1991.14

12	Union Bank of India	60	1060.12	32	407.97	9	310.52	19	341.64
13	HP Gramin Bank	509	5608.80	327	3310.84	15	373.95	167	1924.01
14	Axis Bank	12	405.37	2	41.44	5	257.90	5	106.03
15	Bandhan Bank	1	19.80	0	0.00	1	19.80	0	0.00
16		226	4780.53	133	2349.07	46	1238.27	47	1193.19
17	ICICI	19	442.99	10	294.03	5	111.35	4	37.62
18	IDBI Bank	11	100.42	4	17.17	2	58.05	5	25.20
19	Indusind	25	268.40	17	169.45	7	93.51	1	5.44
20	J&K Bank	16	274.53	9	88.95	2	10.80	5	174.78
21	Kotak Mahindra Bank	2	41.85	0	0.00	1	8.55	1	33.30
22	Yes Bank	1	4.50	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	4.50
23	HP State Coop. Bank	362	4328.29	182	1868.01	24	697.04	156	1763.24
24	Joginder Central Coop.Bank	57	1181.34	21	399.83	0	0.00	36	781.52
25	Kangra Cental Coop. Bank	367	3356.91	265	2346.66	13	145.54	89	864.70
26	The Baghat Urban Coop. Bank	2	34.23	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	34.23
27	AU Small Finance Bank	78	1111.01	52	636.04	22	396.15	4	78.82
	Total	5096	75837.26	2665	33866.30	677	16073.77	1754	25897.19

c) <u>Latest Status of Cases Sponsored in the FY 2022-23 under MMSY</u>

Total 1241 cases are sponsored under the Scheme during the financial year 2022-23 up to 28.06.2022. Out of the cases, 273 cases have been sanctioned, 98 cases have been rejected and 870 cases are lying with the branches for disposal. Consolidated bank-wise list of cases is attached below for the information of the House.

(Amount in lakhs)

	MMSY PROGRESS FOR THE PERIOD 01.04.2022- 28.06.2022								
S.No	Banks	SPON	SPONSORED		SANCTIONED		PENDING		ECTED
		No	Amount	No	Amount	No	Amount	No	Amount
1	Bank of Baroda	18	376.23	8	151.65	10	224.58	0	0.00
2	Bank of India	8	255.33	1	2.25	7	253.08	0	0.00
3	Bank of Maharashtra	5	67.35	0	0.00	4	63.30	0	0.00
4	Canara Bank	31	496.46	10	71.75	19	321.82	2	102.90
5	Central Bank of India	37	806.47	12	139.89	22	610.34	3	56.25
6	Indian Bank	4	13.12	0	0.00	4	13.12	0	0.00
7	Indian Overseas Bank	2	45.86	1	8.10	1	37.36	0	0.00
8	Punjab & Sind Bank	8	185.72	1	5.00	7	180.72	0	0.00
9	Punjab National Bank	257	3863.43	40	360.84	196	3275.59	21	226.99
10	State Bank of India	293	5526.20	36	458.99	236	4784.47	21	282.74
11	UCO Bank	107	1755.76	25	342.45	72	1283.88	10	129.43
12	Union Bank of India	20	412.86	1	9.50	17	393.51	2	9.85
13	HP Gramin Bank	122	1369.77	44	347.06	65	958.25	13	64.46
12	Axis Bank	2	61.65	0	0.00	1	53.10	1	8.55
13	HDFC	69	1553.02	16	159.93	49	1318.08	4	75.00
14	ICICI	24	477.77	3	83.19	21	394.58	0	0.00

15	IDBI Bank	3	17.34	0	0.00	3	17.34	0	0.00
16	Indusind	17	203.30	8	57.64	9	145.66	0	0.00
17	J&K Bank	2	8.78	1	7.30	1	1.48	0	0
18	HP State Coop. Bank Ltd.	67	614.65	13	73.28	44	423.14	10	118.22
19	Kangra Cental Coop. Bank	67	620.78	32	233.89	29	306.48	6	80.40
20	Jogindra Central Coop Bank	14	342.59	1	8.92	10	205.87	3	127.80
21	AU Small Finance Bank	64	989.64	20	235.37	43	709.09	1	45.00
	Total	1241	20064.08	273	2756.99	870	15974.80	98	1327.59

d) Reasons for rejection of cases:

Following reasons for rejection under the scheme have been highlighted:

- 1) Applicant has desired to transfer his application to other Bank.
- 2) Already availed loan under different scheme.
- 3) Customer not interested/withdrawn/refused to take loan.
- 4)Loan rejected by bank due to codal formalities not completed by customers/loan exceed/defaulter by bank.
- 5) Unsatisfactory CIBIL score.
- 6) Unit not viable.

e) Launch of Online Portal for MMSY:

The Department of Industries, HP launched the online portal for Mukhya Mantri Swavlamban Yojana on 5th Sept, 2020. Now, the interested candidates can apply for availing finance under the Scheme through online mode, this will speed up the loaning process. Development of online portal for the scheme has been a long standing demand of member Banks in the State. The creation of online portal will enable Banks to effectively monitor the status of newly sponsored cases and help in keeping pendency under check. The link for the portal is http://mmsy.hp.gov.in. Login credentials of the branches in the State have been circulated to member Banks vide email dated 10.09.2020.

The representative from Industries Department may deliberate on the Issue.

2.5 Review of Performance under Major Centrally Sponsored Schemes: Position as of 31st March, 2022.

(Amount in lakh)

S. No.	Scheme	Target	2021-22	Proposals s	sanctioned upto	Outstanding up to		
<i>D.</i> 140.	Scheine	Targot	2021 22	the quarter (01-04-2021	quarter March, 2022			
		Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount	
1	Deen Dayal Antyodaya -National Rural Livelihood Mission (DAY-NRLM)	8000	11000	5056	9295.08	10651	11980.02	
2	National Urban Livelihood Mission (SEP DAY-NULM)	160		268	328.41	1289	1312.66	
3	Prime Minister Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP)	Projec ts	Margin Money					
3.4	Total -PMEGP	1451	4373.00	1254	6410.52	6532	22439.48	

(Please refer to Annexure-51 at page no 80)

2.5.1) National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM):

Progress for the quarter ended March, 2022 was reviewed in the review meeting held on 01.06.2022 at UCO Bank Zonal Office, Shimla. Banks were advised to clear the pendency within 15 days.

- a) <u>Credit Mobilization targets</u> for the State for FY 2021-22 fixed at Rs. 110.00 crores for credit linkages of new 8000 SHGs. SLBC convener has allocated the Bank-wise targets for FY 2021-22 and informed the same to all member banks in Himachal Pradesh.
- b) Achievements in the Current FY: As per progress available on the "NRLM Bank Linkage Portal" as of 31.03.2022, Banks disbursed Rs. 92.95 crores to 5056 new SHGs and total outstanding is Rs. 119.80 crores. The members are requested to view the progress of their bank in the State from the portal (Source https://daynrlmbl.aajeevika.gov.in).

c) Pendency of sponsored cases with bank Branches:

Controlling Head of member Banks are requested to ensure the disposal of pending cases in a time bound manner. Banks should adhere to time norms in disposal of sponsored cases and in cases where the Borrower is not turning up for completion of Bank formalities even after due reminders, the cases should be immediately returned to Implementing agencies. Banks to note that disposal of pendency should be reported to concerned BDO office so that HPSRLM portal can be updated.

Details of cases pending as on 01.06.2022 with Bank Branches are as mentioned below;

S. No.	Bank	No. of cases pending
1	Canara Bank	1
2	Central Bank of India	1
3	H P State Coop. Bank	13
4	H P Gramin Bank	39
5	IDBI	2
6	Jogindra Central Coop. Bank	4
7	Kangra Central Coop. Bank	34
8	Punjab National Bank	46
9	State Bank of India	34
10	UCO Bank	15
	TOTAL	189

The representative from HPSRLM is requested to deliberate on the issue.

2.5.2) National Urban Livelihood Mission (NULM):

A review meeting was organized on 01.06.2022 with Member Banks to review the progress under the DAY-NULM Scheme for the period under review.

a) Progress under DAY NULM:

The progress under DAY NULM for FY 2021-22 mentioned as below; (Position reported by DAY- NULM H. P.)

(Amount in Lakh)

	NULM		MUDRA				
Cases under	No of Cases Sanctioned	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	
SEP-I	249	307.68	90	100.74	339	408.42	
SHG Bank Linkage	169	333.04	0	0.00	169	333.04	
SEP-G	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	
Total Amount	418	640.72	90	100.74	508	741.46	

(Source: DAY-NULM HP)

b) Pendency of sponsored cases under DAY -NULM:

Banks should dispose of cases within 15 days period as per extant guidelines of RBI. Controlling head of member banks are requested to follow up the progress with their branches and ensure disposal of pending cases at the earliest.

List of bank wise pending cases as on 01.06.2022 is given below:

S. No.	Name of Bank	No of Cases Pending		
1	Bank of India	1		
2	Canara Bank	4		
3	Central Bank of India	13		
4	HDFC Bank	2		
5	HP State Cooperative Bank	5		
6	IDBI Bank	1		
7	Indian Bank	3		
8	Punjab & Sind Bank	1		
9	Punjab National Bank	13		
10	State Bank of India	6		
11	UCO Bank	7		
12	Union Bank of India	6		
	Total	62		

c) Centralized processing of Interest subvention & proper feeding of product code: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Govt. of India has signed MOU with Indian Bank (erstwhile Allahabad Bank) for centralized processing of interest subvention through web portal. All member Banks are requested that product code for the Loan cases sanctioned under DAY NULM are properly fed in their CBS system so that all eligible loan accounts can receive the interest subvention in their loan accounts online.

2.5.3) PM Street Vendors Atma Nirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi):

Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs has launched PM SVANidhi Scheme which is a special micro-credit facility scheme for providing affordable loan to urban street vendors to resume their livelihoods that have been adversely affected due to COVID-19 lockdown. Dharamshala is among one of 125 cities which are identified by Government of India for complete saturation. Under the Scheme, collateral free working capital loan of up to Rs. 10,000 will be extended to the Urban Street Vendors vending on or before 24th March, 2020. The tenure of the loan is 1 year and will be repaid in monthly installments. On timely or early repayment, the vendors will be eligible for the next cycle of working capital loan with an enhanced limit.

The vendors, availing loan under the scheme, are eligible to get an interest subsidy @7%. The interest subsidy is available up to March 31, 2022. The scheme will incentivize digital transactions by vendors through cash back facility. The onboard vendors would be incentivized with monthly cash back in the range of Rs. 50 to Rs. 100. The transaction trail so created will build the credit score of vendors for enhancing their future credit needs.

On 03.09.2021 the Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs has issued modifications in the scheme for promotion of digital transactions by vendors. On cash back issue, various states has highlighted that many of the street vendors are transacting less than Rs.25/- in each

transaction and are not availing the benefit of the cash back. States have requested to relax the existing criteria for minimum eligible transaction of Rs.25/- so that more vendors can become eligible for availing cash back under PM SVANidhi.

For the information of the information of the House, we are sharing you the latest directions of Government of India, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, New Delhi, on the flagship PM SVANidhi. The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs in its meeting held on 27.04.2022 approved the proposal for continuation of PM SVANidhi Scheme 2.0 beyond March, 2022. The details of proposal are as under:

- 1. Extension of the lending period from March, 2022 to December, 2024.
- 2. Provision of 3^{rd} loan of up to Rs.50,000.00 with a term of 36 months; in addition to 1^{st} and 2^{nd} loans of Rs.20,000.00 and Rs.50,000.00 respectively.
- 3. Modification in Credit Guarantee cover for 1st, 2nd and 3rd loans: The effective credit guarantee on 1st loan is enhanced from 12.5% to 31.875%; on 2nd loan it is reduced from 12.5% to 8.25% and on 3rd loan it is reduced from 12.5% to 6%.
- 4. Payment of Interest Subsidy and credit Guarantee claims on all loans till March, 2028
- 5. To extend 'SVANidhi Se Samriddhi' component for all beneficiaries of PM SVANidhi Scheme across the country.

The above revised guidelines shall be effective from 01.06.2022.

The earliest instructions pertaining to digital transactions' incentive shall continue to be inforce.

inforce		
S. No	Present Conditions of the Scheme	Modified conditions of the Scheme
1	Eligible Digital Transaction (EDT) of minimum Rs.25/-	Eligible Digital Transaction(EDT) to be a digital transaction of any value.
2	Rs.50/- cash back on conducting a minimum of 50 EDTs. No cash back is paid even if the SV conducts 49 EDTs in a month.	Rs.1/- cash back per EDT till the first 50 EDTs.
3	Rs.25/- cash back on conducting next 50 EDTs.	Rs.0.50 per EDT for the next 50 EDTs
4	Rs.25/- cash back on conducting next 100 EDTs.	Rs.0.25 per EDT for the next 100 EDTs
5	A maximum of 5 transactions on a day from/to the same Mobile Number were allowed. This was put in place to avoid Gaming of the system by street vendors.	encourage the SVs to get more acquainted with the conduct of Digital

In the 161st SLBC Meeting a request was made to the State Government to exempt the Stamp Duty as a special case, charged on the documents while sanctioning loans to PM SvaNidhi beneficiaries as this is a poverty alleviation program of Central Government. State Govt. has issued a notified vide Circular No. Rev.Stamp(F)6-1/2020 dated 28.12.2021 that Stamp Duty on Hypothecation Agreement for Loans sanctioned to PM SvaNidhi shall be Rs. 10/- only.

The Review Meeting of Sub-Committee on PM SVANidhi was organized on 01.06.2022 to review the progress under the scheme.

	PMSVANidhi First Tranche Status as on 27.06.2022								
S.	Name of the Bank	Total Applic		Pending		Total Sancti	Disbursed out of	Pending for	Retu
No	Name of the Bank	ations	Market Place	Picked up	Resub mitted		Sanctioned	Disburse ment	rned
1	Axis Bank	8	0	3	0	3	3	0	2
2	Bank of Baroda	162	1	5	4	149	148	1	3
3	Bank of India	85	0	4	0	78	78	0	3
4	Bank of Maharashtra	18	0	0	0	18	18	0	0
5	Canara Bank	243	0	0	0	228	227	1	15
6	Central Bank of India	229	0	3	10	209	202	7	7
7	H.P. State Co-Op. Bank	198	0	0	0	188	188	0	10
8	HP Gramin Bank	152	0	1	0	128	128	0	23
9	HDFC	212	0	1	3	61	44	17	147
10	ICICI Bank	10	0	7	0	2	0	2	1
11	IDBI Bank	61	0	9	0	51	48	3	1
12	Indian Bank	143	0	0	1	140	135	5	2
13	Indian Overseas Bank	23	0	0	0	23	23	0	0
14	Jammu & Kashmir Bank	8	0	1	0	7	7	0	0
15	Kotak Mahindra Bank	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
16	Punjab and Sind Bank	54	0	1	0	53	52	1	0
17	Punjab National Bank	893	2	17	10	835	821	14	29
18	State Bank of India	717	3	4	0	694	693	1	16
19	Chamba Urban Co-op Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Kangra Central Co-Op Bank	69	0	4	1	56	56	0	8
21	UCO Bank	361	1	2	3	339	321	18	16
22	Union Bank of India	184	0	5	3	173	169	4	3
	Grand Total	3831	7	68	35	3435	3361	74	286

 $\textbf{(Source:}\ \underline{https://portal.standupmitra.in)}$

	PMSVANidhi Second Tranche Status as on 27.06.2022									
S.	Name of the Bank	Total Applicati	Pending			Sanction	Disbursed out of	for		
No	or		Market Place	Picked up	Resub mitted	ed	Sanction ed	Disburse ment		
1	Axis Bank	1	0	0	0	1	1	0		
2	Bank of Baroda	98	0	59	1	38	24	14		
3	Bank of India	35	0	21	0	14	14	0		
4	Bank of Maharashtra	10	0	4	0	6	6	0		
5	Canara Bank	159	0	90	0	69	58	11		
6	Central Bank of India	159	0	120	0	39	22	17		
7	HP State Co-operative Bank	54	0	19	0	35	34	1		
8	HP Gramin Bank	37	0	13	0	24	18	6		
9	HDFC	2	0	2	0	0	0	0		
10	ICICI Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

11	IDBI Bank	32	0	21	0	11	11	0
12	Indian Bank	115	0	43	0	72	30	42
13	Indian Overseas Bank	14	0	9	0	5	5	0
14	Jammu & Kashmir Bank	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
15	Kotak Mahindra Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Punjab and Sind Bank	44	0	23	0	21	21	0
17	Punjab National Bank	601	0	386	3	212	166	46
18	State Bank of India	475	0	259	0	216	190	26
19	Chamba Urban Co-op Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Kangra Central Co-Op Bank	23	0	17	0	6	6	0
21	UCO Bank	202	0	113	0	89	51	38
22	Union Bank of India	101	0	59	0	42	35	7
	Grand Total	2163	0	1258	4	901	693	208

(Source: https://portal.standupmitra.in)

The representative from Urban Development Department, HP may deliberate on the Issues

2.5.4) <u>PRADHAN MANTRI EMPLOYMENT GENERATION</u> PROGRAMME : (PMEGP)

A review meeting was held on 01.06.2022 with Member banks under the Chairmanship of Additional Director, Department of Industries, H.P, in which the progress and pendency under PMEGP was reviewed.

For information of the House, we are sharing with you few amendments which have taken place in PMEGP, circulated vide Office Memorandum dated 13.05.2022, which shall be effective from 01.06.2022.

FOR SETTING UP OF NEW MICRO ENTERPRISES (UNITS)						
Categories of beneficiaries under PMEGP (for setting up of new enterprises)	Beneficiary's Contribution (of project cost)		of Subsidy roject Cost)			
Area (location of project/unit)		Urban	Rural			
General Category	10%	15%	25%			
Special Category (including SC,ST,OBC, Minorities, Women, Ex-Servicemen, Transgenders, Differently abled, NER, Aspirational Districts, Hill and Border areas (as notified by the Government etc.)	5%	25%	35%			

NOTE:

- 1. The Maximum cost of the project/unit admissible for Margin Money Subsidy under manufacturing sector is Rs.50 lakhs.
- 2. The maximum cost of the project/unit admissible for Margin Money subsidy under Business/Service Sector is Rs.20 lakhs.

- 3. The balance amount (excluding the own contribution) of the total project cost will be provided by Banks.
- 4. If the total project cost exceeds Rs.50 lakhs or Rs.20 lakhs for Manufacturing and Service/Business Sector respectively, the balance amount may be provided by Banks without any Government Subsidy.

2 nd Loan for Upgradation of Existing PMEGP/REGP/MUDRA Units							
Categories of beneficiaries under PMEGP (for upgradation of existing Units)	Beneficiary's Contribution (of project cost)	Rate of Subsidy (of Project Cost)					
All Categories	10%	15% (20% in NER and Hill States)					

NOTE:

- 1. The maximum cost of the project/unit admissible for Margin Money subsidy under Manufacturing Sector for upgradation is Rs.1.00 Crore. Maximum subsidy would be Rs.15 lakhs (Rs.20 lakhs for NER and Hill States)
- 2. The maximum cost of the project/unit admissible for Margin Money subsidy under Business/Service Sector for upgradation is Rs.25 lakhs Maximum subsidy would be Rs.3.75 lakhs (Rs.5 lakhs for NER and Hill States)
- 3. The balance amount (excluding the own contribution) of the total project cost will be provided by the Banks.
- 4. If the total project cost exceeds Rs.1.00 Crore or Rs.25 lakhs for Manufacturing and Service/Business Sector respectively, the balance amount may be provided by Banks without any Government subsidy.

There is a regular feature to review the progress of Banks in a quarterly sub-committee Meeting. A meeting with a view to review the progress achieved under PMEGP, was held on 01.06.2022 with Member banks under the Chairmanship of Additional Director, Department of Industries, H.P, in which the progress and pendency under PMEGP was reviewed.

a) <u>Target allocation for FY 2021-22</u>: The Nodal implementing agency in PMEGP i.e. KVIC has informed the following targets for the FY 2021-22 for credit linkages of entrepreneurs and disbursement of Margin Money (subsidy) under the PMEGP.

(Amount in Lakh)

S. No	Implementing Agency	Target			Progress during the FY 2021-22		
		No of Project	Margin (Amt)	Money	No c Project	Amount Sanctioned	
1	KVIB	435	1131.9		287	849.86	
2	KVIC	435	1131.9		232	721.11	
3	DIC	581	1749.2		503	1093.49	
	TOTAL	1451	4373		1022	2664.46	

b) Credit mobilization:

As per PMEGP portal, total 2419 cases were sponsored out of which Banks have sanctioned **1254 cases** with sanctioned amount of **Rs. 6410.52 lakhs** up to the quarter ended March, 2022, but margin money has been claimed only for 1187 cases.

It appears that the gap of 67 cases is due to pendency in claiming margin money by the banks. The member banks are requested to claim the margin money, if it is still pending.

(Source: Data reported by Banks)

Latest position:

Bank-wise position of proposals pending with banks as available in the PMEGP MIS portal (https://www.kviconline.gov.in) placed before the House for review.

c) Review of pendency of sponsored cases under PMEGP:

Total 289 cases are pending for sanction with banks as on 17.06.2022. Bank-wise position is mentioned below:

S.NO.	NAME OF BANK	Pending sponsored cases
1	axis bank	1
2	BANK OF BARODA	6
3	BANK OF INDIA	3
4	BANK OF MAHARASHTRA	2
5	CANARA BANK	8
6	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA	5
7	HIMACHAL PRADESH GRAMIN BANK	37
8	HIMACHAL PRADESH STATE COOPERATIVE BANK	28
9	IDBI BANK	5
10	INDIAN BANK	1
11	INDIAN OVERSES BANK	1
12	JOGINDRA CENTRAL COOPERATIVE BANK	10
13	KANGRA CENTRAL COOPERATIVE BANK LTD	12
14	PUNJAB AND SIND BANK	3
15	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	74
16	STATE BANK OF INDIA	63
17	UCO BANK	24
18	UNION BANK OF INDIA	6
	TOTAL	289

Banks are requested to update the position of cases disposed of by banks in the PMEGP portal. **Updation of status in all sponsored cases in the portal on regular basis is very important.** The controlling Head of member banks have been requested to monitor the position of their branches closely and dispose of all pending cases.

The representative from KVIC is requested to deliberate on the issue.

2.5.5): <u>PRADHAN MANTRI AWAS YOJANA – HOUSING FOR ALL</u> (URBAN)

As members are aware, that Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana – Housing for all (Urban) has been launched on all India basis w.e.f. 17.6.2016 and is operational in all the statutory towns and planning areas as notified with respect to the statutory town and planning and which surround the concerned municipal area.

The Mission was being implemented during 2015-2022 and provided central assistance to Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) and other implementing agencies through States/UTs for:

- 1. In-situ Rehabilitation of existing slum dwellers using land as a resource through private participation
- 2. Credit Linked Subsidy
- 3. Affordable Housing in Partnership
- 4. Subsidy for beneficiary-led individual house construction/enhancement

Credit linked subsidy component is being implemented as a Central Sector Scheme while other three components as Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS). Credit linked subsidy will be provided on home loans taken by eligible urban poor (EWS/LIG) for acquisition, construction of house.

The last date for availing the subsidy under PM Awas Yojana Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme has been extended to March 31, 2021 both for MIG-I and MIG-II categories. Also, for the category of LIG/EWS, the last date was March 31, 2022.

The SLBC convener bank has uploaded the details of the PMAY Scheme in SLBC website www.slbchp.com. Member banks are requested to follow the same.

Banks have sanctioned **total 131 proposals** amounting to **Rs. 1963.28 lakhs** up to the quarter ended March, 2022 in PMAY (URBAN). There is scope to increase lending under the PMAY. We request all member banks to ensure correct reporting for the review meetings to have a meaningful review of progress under the scheme.

(Amount in Lakhs)

S. No.	Banks		uring FY 2021-22 to 31.03.2022)	Cumulative 31.03.2022	position as on
		A/c	Amount	A/c	Amount
1.	Public Sector Banks	131	1963.28	1521	19472.99
2.	Regional Rural Bank	0	0.00	0	0.00
3.	Private Sector Banks	0	0.00	1	21.26
4.	Coop. Sector Banks	0	0.00	1	10.75
	Total	131	1963.28	1523	19505.00

AGENDA ITEM NO -3

3. FINANCIAL INCLUSION CAMPAIGN- HIMACHAL PRADESH: PRADHAN MANTRI JAN DHAN YOJANA (PMJDY):

Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) as a National Mission on Financial Inclusion was implemented throughout the country on 28th August, 2014 to provide all households in the country with financial services with particular focus to empower the weaker sections of our society.

Since the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana was launched in 2014, the objective of universal access and coverage of banking services is widely achieved and now the focus has shifted to enable usage of banking services by the excluded section of our society.

As of 18.05.2022, around 45.47 crore Jan Dhan Accounts (BSBDA) have been opened by banks (PSBs, RRBs& Private Banks) under PMJDY throughout the Country since launch of the campaign in Mission Mode in August, 2014.

The present status of PMJDY <u>as a whole in the country</u> is mentioned below for information of the House.

Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) - Position as a whole in the Country as on 18th May, 2022

(Figures in crores)

Bank Name	RURAL/ SU	URBAN	TOTAL	NO OF RUPAY CARDS	BALANCE IN ACCOUNTS
Public Sector Bank	22.41	13.41	35.82	27.29	129378.65
Regional Rural Bank	7.23	1.12	8.35	3.39	33192.10
Private Banks	0.70	0.60	1.30	1.10	4835.84
Total	30.35	15.12	45.47	31.79	167406.58

(Source: pmjdy.gov.in)

Financial Inclusion Campaign in Himachal Pradesh: Current Status

3.1): PRADHAN MANTRI JAN DHAN YOJANA (PMJDY):

Banks in the State have covered all the households with at least one Basic Saving Deposit Account.

As of 31.03.2022, banks have more than 17.36 lakh Basic Saving Bank Deposit Accounts (BSBDAs) under the PMJDY Scheme in Himachal Pradesh. Bank—wise, (sector-wise i.e. PSB, RRB, Pvt. Banks & Coop. Banks) achievements under PMJDY scheme in the State is mentioned as below for information of the House.

Progress under PMJDY in Himachal Pradesh as of 31st March, 2022

(Figures in lakhs)

							(1 18 di Co III Idiliio)			
Banks (sector wise)	Rural	Urban	Total No. of A/Cs	Amount	No. of Zero Balance	Aadhaar seeding	No. of RuPay Cards Issued	No. of accounts where Overdraft availed	Overdraft Amount	
Public Sector Bank	8.71	1.29	10.00	90986.42	0.84 (8%)	9.36 (91%)	8.52 (85%)	0.16	1813.90	
Regional Rural Bank	5.86	0.30	6.16	69001.28	0.15 (3%)	4.86 (79%)	3.16 (51%)	0	0.00	
Private Banks	0.15	0.14	0.29	1815.76	0.07 (25%)	0.24 (83%)	0.27 (95%)	0	0.00	
Cooperative Banks (including Urban Coop.)	0.77	0.14	0.91	2900.93	0.11 (13%)	0.87 (95%)	0.45 (50%)	0	0.00	
TOTAL	15.49	1.87	17.36	164726.03	1.19 (7%)	15.35 (87%)	12.42 (72%)	0.16	1813.95	

(For bank-wise position, pl. refer Annexure-61 at page no 83)

HIGHLIGHTS:

- Banks have issued RuPay Debit Cards in 72% of PMJDY accounts.
- There are 118891 accounts under PMJDY with zero balance. (Detailed Table given on Annexure-61 at page no 83). Respective Banks are desired to pay their preferred attention and specific thrust to bring these accounts out of 'Zero Balance' Category.

As per directions from DFS Member Banks are requested to ensure the distribution of Rupay Debit cards to all account holders.

Aadhaar seeding in 87% of PMJDY accounts. All member banks are requested to complete the exercise of Aadhaar seeding in all accounts as per guidelines received from DFS/RBI.

In Himachal Pradesh, Banks have extended **overdraft of Rs. 1813.95 Lakh** in eligible PMJDY accounts in the state. All member Banks are requested to adhere to revised guidelines received from DFS.

3.2): <u>UNIVERSAL SOCIAL SECURITY INITIATIVES UNDER</u> <u>PMJDY SCHEME</u> - <u>Status in Himachal Pradesh up to March,</u> <u>2022</u>

A) MICRO INSURANCE SCHEMES i.e. PMSBY & PMJJBY

Performance under Social Security Insurance Schemes i.e. PMSBY and PMJJBY as of 31.03.2022 for HP State is given below:

Name of Scheme	No. of enrollments (in lakhs)
A) PRADHAN MANTRI SURAKSHA BIMA YOJANA - (PMSBY)	17.65
B) PRADHAN MANTRI JEEVAN JYOTIBIMA YOJANA- (PMJJBY)	5.22

(Source: pmjdy.gov.in portal)

- 1) PMSBY: The Accidental insurance coverage of Rs. 2.00 lakh on annual basis is available at a premium of Rs.20/- p.a. under the Scheme. Banks have covered PMJDY account holders as well as other account holders under the scheme. The annual insurance cover is renewed every year from 1st of June. Banks have total enrollments of more than 17.65 lakh account holders under Accidental Insurance Scheme i.e. PMSBY as of 31.03.2022.
- **PMJJBY:** The Life insurance coverage of Rs. 2.00 lakh on annual basis is available at a premium of Rs. 436/- under the Scheme. Banks have covered PMJDY account holders as well as other account holders under the scheme. The annual insurance cover is renewed every year from 1st of June. Banks have more than **5.22 lakh enrollments** under PMJJBY in the State as of period ended March, 2022.

B) MICRO PENSION SCHEME – ATAL PENSION YOJANA:

Atal Pension Yojana (APY)

The Bank-wise (Agency) achievements under Atal Pension Yojana (APY) in Himachal Pradesh as of 31.03.2022 mentioned as below:

S No.	Category	Target per branch (p.a.)	No of Branches Regd. in HP	Targets 2021-22	Achievement up to 31.03.2022	Cumulative up to 31.03.2022
1	PSBs	70	1136	79520	69211	210754
2	RRBs	70	265	18550	17980	64710
3	Major Pvt. Banks (Axis, HDFC, ICICI & IDBI Bank)	70	149	10430	4441	15391
4	Pvt Banks (Excluding those mentioned above)	30	35	1050	65	349
5	Small Finance Banks	50	14	700	NR	293
4	Coop Banks (including Urban Coop. Banks)	20	571	11420	NR	4395
	Total	XXXX	2170	121670	91697	295892

^{**} Excluding HPARDB and IPPB

(Bank-wise position mentioned at Annexure-69 at page no 86)

Continuation of Co-Contribution to APY subscribers in the State by H.P. Govt.

The Himachal Pradesh Government, at present, is providing co-contribution of Rs.2000/- or 50% of the contribution, whichever is less, to the APY subscribers in the State. The State Government, as per notification No.Fin.(Pen)F(4)-1/2020 dated 2nd May, 2022 has decided to increase the upper ceiling of the State Government co-contribution from Rs.2000/- to Rs.3000/- per annum. It has also been decided to extend the co-contribution under the scheme to existing and new beneficiaries till 31.03.2023.

Initiatives to boost subscribers under APY Scheme.

- > Banks have been requested to target all <u>Retail Trade</u>, <u>Home loan and MUDRA loan beneficiaries</u>, as they are having regular monthly income but generally their family members are not covered with any Social Security Pension scheme.
 - ➤ All member banks have been requested to allocate targets to BCAs for mobilizing APY accounts and to <u>ensure their active participation</u>.
 - > Strict monitoring & pursuing with all Branches by Controlling offices. Dedicated officer for APY at Controlling offices to ensure 100 % participation of all Branches in each weekly login/camp day i.e. on each Friday.
 - ➤ <u>Putting up Banners</u> highlighting features of APY Scheme, within Branch premises as well as in ATM room.
 - > Special emphasis laid for promotion of APY in every quarterly SLBC review meetings.
 - > PFRDA has been conducting review meetings with Banks & Department of Post from time to time to promote subscribers under the scheme.

All stakeholders have been requested to put aggressive campaign through Print Ads, Radio Ads & Television Ads highlighting the feature of the scheme, display of banners at public places, Bank offices/ Bank branches, Government offices/Departments, dissemination of information in RSETIs, Banks' training institutes etc. on the Scheme.

The House may deliberate on the issue.

C) Status of Insurance Claims under PMSBY/PMJJBY in H.P.

C-I) PRADHAN MANTRI SURAKSHA BIMA YOJANA (PMSBY):

Bank branches of various banks have received claims against the insurance coverage under the provision of Scheme and these claims are being lodged through the corporate office of respective Banks with the concerned insurance companies for centralized processing in respect of Public Sector Banks (PSBs) and Private Sector Banks. The Claims in respect of RRB and Cooperative Banks are processed by the concerned insurers at the State level.

Summary position of insurance claims under **Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana** (**PMSBY**) in Himachal Pradesh mentioned as below;

A) Summary: Insurance Claims under PMSBY in HP (Public & Private Sector Banks) - Position as on 30.04.2022

S No.	Particulars	Position as of 30.04.2022
1	Total Number of Claim Cases received since inception	1496
2	Total no of cases paid	1162
3	Total no of cases Rejected	308
4	Pending with insurer	26

(Source: pmjdy.gov.in/fiplan)

B) Period-wise breakup of pendency of Insurance Claims with insurers under PMSBY:

B-I) Insurance Company-wise <u>Pendency</u> in claim cases under PMSBY (Public & Private Sector Banks) - as of 30.04.2022

S. No.	Pending with insurer	Name of Bank	Pending Cases					
110.	insurei		Total	Pending for less than 2 months	Pending for 2 to 6 months	Pending for more than six month		
1	Reliance General Insurance	UCO Bank	5	0	0	5		
2	Future Generali	UCO Bank	4	0	3	1		
3	Bajaj Allianz General Insurance	Canara Bank	13	0	0	13		
4	Bajaj Allianz General Insurance	IDBI Bank	1	0	0	1		
5	New India Assurance Co.	Punjab & Sind Bank	1	0	1	0		
6	Oriental Insurance Co. Ltd	Punjab National Bank	1	1	0	0		
	Total		25	1	4	20		

(Source: pmjdy.gov.in/fiplan)

B-II) Position of pending Insurance Claims lodged by Himachal Pradesh Gramin Bank (RRB) and H P State Coop Bank Ltd. under PMSBY as of 30.04.2022.

S. No	Name of Bank	Name of Insurance company	Total No. of Claims pending	Pending beyond 2 months (out of Col-4)
1	HP Gramin Bank	Oriental Insurance Company	24	02
2	H P State Coop Bank Ltd	New India Assurance Co. Ltd.	25	21

(Source: HPGB/ HPSCB)

B-III) Major Reasons of Rejection of Claim Cases by Insurance Companies under PMSBY

- 1) Duplicate Claim
- 2) Post mortem not conducted.
- 3) Deceased was intoxicated at the time of accident.
- 4) Death not established through PMR/FIR/Other Docs.
- 5) Death due to Causes Other than Accident
- 6) Disability below Stipulated Levels
- 7) Death occurring prior to commencement of Risk

C-II): <u>PRADHAN MANTRI JEEVAN JYOTI BIMA YOJANA</u> (PMJJBY)

A) Summary: Insurance Claims under PMJJBY in HP- Position as of 30.04.2022

S. No.	Particulars	Position as of 30.04.2022
1	Total Number of Claim Cases received since inception	2935
2	Total no of cases paid	2690
3	Total no of cases Rejected	141
4	Pending with insurer	104

(Source: pmjdy.gov.in/fiplan)

B) Period-wise breakup of pendency of Insurance Claims with insurers under PMJJBY

B-I) Insurance Company-wise <u>Pendency</u> in claim cases under PMJJBY- as of 30.04.2022

S.	Pending with	Name of Bank		Pei	nding Cases	
No	insurer		Total	Pending for less than 2 months	Pending for 2 to 6 months	Pending for more than six month
1	Life Insurance Corporation of India	Punjab National Bank	81	20	14	47
2	Life Insurance Corporation of India	UCO Bank	29	11	11	7
3	Life Insurance Corporation of India	Indian Bank	2	0	2	0
4	Life Insurance Corporation of India	Punjab & Sind Bank	2	1	0	1
5	Canara HSBC	Punjab National Bank	1	0	0	1
	Total		115	32	27	56

(Source: pmjdy.gov.in/fiplan)

B-II) Position of pending Insurance Claims lodged by Himachal Pradesh Gramin Bank (RRB) and H P State Coop Bank Ltd. under PMJJBY as of 30.04.2022

S. No	Name of Bank Name of Insurance company		Total No. of Claims pending	Pending beyond 2 months (out of Col-4)		
1	HP Gramin Bank	Life Insurance Corporation of India	49	23		
2	HP State Coop Bank Ltd	Life Insurance Corporation of India	41	31		

(Source: HPGB/ HPSCB)

B-III) Major Reasons of Rejection of claim Cases by Insurance Companies under PMJJBY.

- 1) Premium not deducted by the bank
- 2) Death claim within lien period of 45 days
- 3) Duplicate Claim
- 4) Death occurring prior to commence of Risk
- 5) Incorrect age submitted for enrolment.

House may review the position

3.3) <u>FINANCIAL AWARENESS AND LITERACY CAMPAIGN IN</u> HP:

Financial Literacy Centers (FLCs) is a dedicated institutional set up for Financial Literacy Campaign organized by Lead banks (PNB/SBI/UCO Bank), RRB and Cooperative sector banks in the State. In addition to FLCs, at each district in the State, Bank branches in Rural areas are organizing financial literacy camps as per RBI guidelines on regular basis. These FLCs and Rural Bank Branches have organized Financial literacy and awareness Camps on regular basis at District/Blocks / Panchayats level focusing on the various target groups.

At present, 25 Financial Literacy Centers (FLCs) mentioned below are functional with dedicated F.L. counselors at each centre;

S.No	Banks	No. of FLCs	Remarks
1	Public Sector Banks (PSBs)	12	Lead Banks i.e. PNB,
2	H P State Coop Bank	6	SBI & UCO Bank has set up FLCs in their
3	Kangra Central Coop Bank (KCCB)	3	Lead Districts.
4	HP Gramin Bank	2	(One FLC in each
	Total	23	District)

Points for deliberation:

A) All member banks are requested to adhere to the guidelines of Reserve Bank of India issued vide their communication RBI/2016-17/236FIDD.FLC.BC.No. 22/12.01.018/2016-17 March 02, 2017.

Each Bank Branch in Rural area to conduct at least one camp per month (on the Third Friday of each month (after branch business hours), focusing on digital payments with target groups viz. farmers, small entrepreneurs, school children, senior citizens and SHGs.

- B) Quarterly progress report on Financial Literacy Campaign by FLCs and Banks during the quarter ended March, 2022 placed for review of the House.
 - **C.1)** FLCs by Public Sector Banks (PSB): Report on conduct of special camps by financial literacy centres (going digital) as of quarter ended March, 2022.

D:	FLC Code	No. of	Stakehe	Stakeholders present (Indicate Y/N)						
District		special camp	LDM	DDM	LDO	Local Govt	NGO	вс	Others	
Bilaspur	46201	45	7	0	6	7	1	0	45	
Chamba	47201	11	11	4	1	4	2	2	11	
Hamirpur	48201	5	2	0	0	1	0	1	5	
Kangra	47001	23	4	0	1	20	4	1	5	

Kinnaur	47601	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Kullu	46801	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Lahaul & Spiti	47401	18	2	0	0	0	0	0	18
Mandi	46401	5	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Shimla	46001	44	1	0	1	28	0	4	44
Sirmaur	48001		N	o Camps (Conducte	d During the	Quarter		
Solan	46801	17	3	3	0	2	0	0	17
Una	48401	7	2	1	2	0	0	0	6
	TOTAL	187	32	8	11	64	7	8	164

(Position as per reporting to RBI on quarterly basis- March, 2022- Annexure -II, Part A)

C.2) FLCs by RRBs/Coop BANKS:

Quarterly report on conduct of **special camps** by financial literacy centres (going digital) as of quarter ended March, 2022.

RRB/ Coop Banks	FLC Code	No. of	Stakeholders present (Indicate Y/N)						
		special camp	LDM	DDM	LDO	Local Govt	NGO	вс	Others
HPGB (RRB)	472,464	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
HPSCB	480,460,464,472,462	33	0	0	0	27	19	0	31
KCCB	482,484	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
	TOTAL	47	0	0	0	27	19	0	45

(Position as per reporting to RBI on quarterly basis- March, 2022- Annexure -II, - part A)

C.3) FLCs by Public Sector Banks (PSB):

Quarterly report on conduct of <u>target group</u> specific camps by financial literacy centres as of quarter ended March, 2022 (Target groups: 1. Farmers 2. Small entrepreneurs 3.School students 4.SHGs 5.Senior citizens 6. Others)

	FLC	No. of	Stakeh	olders pre	sent (Inc	licate Y/N)			
District	Code	special camp	LDM	DDM	LDO	Local Govt	NGO	вс	Others
Bilaspur	46201	45	7	0	6	7	1	0	0
Chamba	47201	11	11	4	1	4	2	2	0
Hamirpur	48201	18	5	0	3	7	1	0	18
Kangra	47001	39	6	0	1	15	0	0	0
Kinnaur	47601	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kullu	46801		N	o Camps	Conducte	ed During the	Quarter		
Lahaul &									
Spiti	47401	18	2	0	0	0	0	0	18
Mandi	46401	81	0	0	0	32	5	1	0
Shimla	46001	122	0	0	0	12	0	0	122
Sirmaur	48001		N	o Camps	Conducte	ed During the	Quarter		
Solan	46801	17	3	3	0	2	0	0	17
Una	48401	19	7	5	0	10	1	0	11
	TOTAL	402	41	12	11	89	10	3	186

(Position as per reporting to RBI on quarterly basis- March, 2022- Annexure –II- Part-B)

C.4) FLCs by RRBs/Coop BANKS: Quarterly report on conduct of target group specific camps by financial literacy centres as of Quarter ended March, 2022

RRB/ Coop	FLC Code	No. of	Stakeholders present (Indicate Y/N)							
RRB/ Coop Banks		special camp	LDM	DDM	LDO	Local Govt	NGO	BC	Others	
HPGB (RRB)	472,464	8	0	0	1	4	0	1	3	
HPSCB	480,460,464,472,462	81	1	0	0	64	28	0	47	
KCCB	482,484	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	
	TOTAL	97	1	0	1	68	28	1	58	

(Position as per reporting to RBI on quarterly basis- March, 2022- Annexure -II- Part-B)

C.5) Financial Literacy Camps organized by <u>Rural Branches</u> during the Quarter ended March, 2022 (Annexure –III)

District	No of rural branches in district	No of camps conducted during the quarter- March, 2022	Target Group Addressed
Bilaspur	106	251	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students, SHGs
Chamba	95	296	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students, SHGs
Hamirpur	143	269	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students, SHGs, Senior citizens
Kangra	360	379	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students, SHGs
Kinnaur	50	60	Jan Sampark Abhiyan
Kullu	101	161	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students, SHGs
Lahaul & Spiti	23	18	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, Senior citizens
Mandi	191	101	Farmers, SHGs
Shimla	245	312	School students, SHGs,
Sirmaur	90	202	Farmers, SHGs
Solan	159	235	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students, SHGs, Senior citizens
Una	123	26	Farmers, Small entrepreneurs, School students
	1686	2310	

(Position as per reporting to RBI on quarterly basis- March, 2022- Annexure -III)

The Bank Branches (Rural) organized the Financial Literacy Camps mentioned in the attached Table No. Table-FI-FLC at page no- 82.

Financial Assistance by NABARD:

In order to spread financial literacy and embark on creation of "Digital India", NABARD facilitates conduct of Financial and Digital Literacy Camps (FDLCs). A grant support of Rs. 6000/- per camp is provided by NABARD.

The House may review the position.

3.4) Bank Mitras (Business Correspondent Agents-BCAs):

- ♦ Banks have been allocated **3226 Gram Panchayats as Sub-Service Areas (SSAs).** The Concerned Banks are ensuring the extension of banking services in their allocated SSAs either by opening branch or through the fixed location Bank Mitras (BCAs).
- ♦ Banks have deployed total **8691 active Bank Mitras (BMs)** as of 31st March, 2022.

The Convener Bank has compiled the progress in respect of financial transactions made by Bank Mitras of major banks in the State during the quarter ended March, 2022 as mentioned at Annexure-3 at page no 110.

3.5) Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana (PMMY):

Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana (PMMY] was launched on April 08, 2015, for extending credit facilities to micro enterprises/ small businesses up to Rs.10 Lakhs in a hassle free manner. The objective is to provide financial support for small business which generates employment for majority of the Indian working population and to create an inclusive, sustainable and value based entrepreneurial culture, in the country.

Progress under PMMY in H.P.:

- ◆ Banks have made <u>fresh disbursements</u> under Mudra loan to **62615** new entrepreneurs with fresh disbursement to the tune of **Rs. 1228.52** Crores upto the quarter ended March, 2022. <u>Private sector banks have low performance under PMMY</u> and they are requested to increase their lending under the scheme.
- ◆ <u>Cumulative position</u> of Mudra loans mentioned at annexure-63 (page no-84) reveals that banks have outstanding Mudra loan under PMMY **Rs. 2678.42** crores with coverage of **161443 Micro and Small entrepreneurs**.
- ♦ Mudra Cards: The preloaded approved Mudra card is one of the major benefits a borrower can avail under the scheme. This pre-loaded card would enable them to buy raw material and light machinery for their business on an online platform. Borrowers can easily withdraw money whenever they require cash in hand for the business units. The design of the card is being approved by DFS. All eligible beneficiaries can get this Rupay Mudra Card.
- Mudra cards facilitate hassle-free funds for meeting the working capital needs
 of micro entrepreneurs and these Cards needs to be issued to large extent.
 Member Banks are requested to pay special attention to increase the numbers
 of Mudra Cards.

Cumulative Progress under PMMY up to period ended March, 2022

(Amount in Lakh)

		Progress up to the end of March, 2022 (01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022)					
S. No	Category		oursements up 1.03.2022	Cumulative position as of 31.03.2022			
		No.	Amt	No.	Amt		
1	Shishu (Loan up to 50000/)	21851	7234.09	55504	14293.71		
2	Kishor (Loan from Rs.50001/- to Rs.5.00 lakh)	32372	57194.91	84129	134796.13		
3	Tarun (Loan above Rs.5.00 lakh and up to Rs.10 lakh)	8392	58422.63	19218	117925.47		
4	Total disbursements up to 31.12.2021 (1+2+3)	62615	122851.63	161443	267842.33		

(Bank wise position of disbursement of loans under PMMY up to period ended March, 2022 mentioned in the Annexure-63 at page no-84).

Observations/ comments.

- > Issuance of Mudra Card to eligible borrowers at the time of disbursement of loan.
- > Timely disposal of loan applications.
- ➤ **PMMY PUBLICITY:** Banks to ensure display of Mudra logo on website with a dedicated Mudra corner, where details of the beneficiaries under this scheme to be displayed. Each Mudra borrower should display a "Mudrapreneur" logo on his site/shop.
- ➤ Hoarding to be setup at District Court, District Hospital, Railway Station, Bus Stand and other prominent locations.

House may deliberate on the issue.

3.6): Stand Up India Scheme (SUIS)

Stand up India scheme has been formally launched on April 05, 2016. The scheme aims to encourage entrepreneurial culture among un-served and under-served segments of the society represented by SC, ST and women.

• The Scheme facilitate loan from Banks between Rs.10 lakh and Rs. 1.00 crore to at least one Scheduled Caste (SC) or Scheduled Tribe (ST) borrower and at least one woman borrower per Bank Branch for setting up of a new enterprise (also termed as green field enterprise). The loans will be extended for setting up of a new enterprise in Manufacturing, Trading or Service sector by SC/ST/Women entrepreneur.

<u>Latest Progress under Stand-Up India Scheme as of 31.03.2022 in Himachal</u> Pradesh:

The Convener bank has compiled the progress under the Stand-up India scheme from the Standup India web portal (https://www.standupmitra.in) wherein concerned member Banks have uploaded the position of cases received, sanctioned, disbursed and the pendency of cases under the scheme.

Summary of Proposals received/Sanctioned / Pending as of 31.03.2022

A) Progress under Stand-Up Scheme Period 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022

(Amount in Lakhs)

S. No.	Banks	Women Beneficiaries		SC/ST Beneficiaries		Total Achievement	
		A/c	Amt	A/c	Amt	A/c	Amt
1	Public Sector Banks	119	3095.08	16	331.61	135	3426.69
2	H. P. Gramin Bank (RRB)	43	817.24	0	0.00	43	817.24
3	Private Sector banks	5	80.90	0	0.00	5	80.90
4	Coop sector banks	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	167	3993.22	16	331.61	183	4324.83

(Bank wise position mentioned in Annx-65, page no. 85)

B) Cumulative position (Agency-wise) under Stand-Up India Scheme in Himachal Pradesh as of 31.03.2022

(Amt in Crore)

S. No.	Banks	Women Beneficiaries			SC/ST Beneficiaries		vement
		A/c	Amt	A/c	Amt	A/c	Amt
1	Public sector Banks	1075	238.15	324	63.06	1399	301.20
2	H.P. Gramin Bank (RRB)	112	19.71	30	4.17	142	23.88
3	Private Sector banks	46	8.67	3	0.39	49	9.06
4	Coop sector banks (incl. Urban Coop. Banks)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	1233	266.53	357	67.62	1590	334.14

(Bank wise position mentioned in Annx-65, page no-85)

Points for deliberations:

- 1) Banks have sanctioned loans to 1233 new women entrepreneurs amounting to Rs. 266.53 crores since inception of scheme.
- 2) Banks have sanctioned 357 new SC/ST entrepreneurs amounting to Rs. 67.62 crores since Inception.
- 3) The cumulative position reveals that Banks have outstanding loans amounting to **Rs. 334.14 crores to total 1590 new entrepreneurs**. Out of total loans sanctioned under the scheme, 78% are the women beneficiaries and rest 22% are SC/ST Beneficiaries.
- 4) Private Sector banks have negligible performance under the Scheme.
- 5) Banks are requested to update their position of proposals disposed off under Stand-Up India Scheme in the web portal (https://www.standupmitra.in) regularly.
- 6) As reported by different Member Banks, the major reason for low achievement under this scheme is not finding eligible entrepreneurs. A general negative attitude is also found in the people not to invest or establish a project requiring heavy investments due to hilly area and lower connectivity.

Member Banks are advised to ensure that progress under the Scheme should be regularly updated on the Stand Up India portal so that accurate information can be presented in the SLBC meetings.

The House may deliberate on the issue.

3.7): JANSURAKSHA SATURATION CAMPAIGN:

Hon'ble Prime Minister, in his Independence Day 2021 speech has announced "We have to achieve saturation – all the households should have Bank accounts"

Dept of Financial Services announced implementation of Saturation Drive for Jansuraksha Schemes vide their Office Memorandum F.no.21(23)/2014-FI (Mission) dated 27.09.2021 and directed all banks to implement the saturation drive and achieve 100% saturation by 30.09.2022. Banks were further directed to obtain electoral roll of states for which bank is holding the responsibility of SLBC and prepare list of adults in the age group 18 to 21 years during the years 2019, 2020 and 2021, to be made available to all member PSU banks and all such identified persons have to be approached / contacted and they have to be prompted to open PMJDY

accounts and to bring them under fold of PMSBY, PMJJBY and APY. This drive has to be completed by 31st December 2021.

The best source to reach such person is electoral roll. This job has been assigned to a Bank who is having lead bank responsibility in a State. They will prepare excel format of all such adults who have attained majority in 2019, 2020 and 2021. It shall be arranged by District, Assembly constituency and polling station as specified in electoral roll. The list was provided to SLBCs by 31.10.2021 which was further allocated to member Banks by LDMs.

The beneficiaries have to be covered having accounts under PMJDY and MUDRA. In PMJDY, a quarterly balance of Rs.1000.00 or more 2nd Quarter of 2021-22 may be taken as indicative of the holder of an operative account to pay premium/contribution for PMJSS.

The progress as on 01.06.2022 of PMJDY Account holders pertaining to their coverage under PMSBY & PMJJBY is given as below:

Bank Name	PMJJBY Number of Eligible PMJDY A/C Holders for PMJJBY	PMJJBY Enrolled till 30-09- 2021 Out of Column 'B'	PMJJBY Enrolled during the Week (Thur-Wed) Out of Column 'B'	PMJJBY Total Enrolmen t during 01-10- 2021 to till Date	PMSBY Number of Eligible PMJDY A/C Holders for PMSBY	PMSBY Enrolled till 30- 09-2021 Out of Column 'F'	PMSBY Enrolled during the Week(Thur -Wed) Out of Column 'F'	PMSBY Total Enrolmen t during 01-10- 2021 to till Date
Bank of Baroda	9140	828	0	899	8941	3083	0	3271
Bank of India	2176	670	12	1020	9253	6650	20	1096
Bank of Maharashtra	3033	543	0	31	2801	251	0	41
Canara Bank	29289	5804	360	2206	34117	12607	378	3416
Central Bank of India	27237	908	7	1301	35260	4906	2	253
Indian Bank	13503	439	20	1023	13474	787	15	3031
Indian Overseas Bank	4367	194	0	6	5500	829	0	16
Punjab & Sind Bank	4527	321	4	69	5943	1368	3	172
Punjab National Bank	69840	4737	0	8461	95012	24873	0	28339
State Bank of India	72827	5219	0	16533	75959	21940	0	18637
UCO Bank	66006	5117	53	1801	82089	11364	192	2413
Union Bank of India	5408	101	14	787	5602	321	101	2581
Jammu & Kashmir Bank	184	0	0	4	241	3	2	29
Total	307537	24881	470	34141	374192	88982	713	63565

The progress as on 01.06.2022 of PMMY Account holders pertaining to their coverage under PMSBY & PMJJBY is given as below:

Bank Name	Number of Eligible PMMY Borrowers for PMJJBY	PMJJBY Enrolled till 30-09- 2021	PMJJBY Enrolled during the Week	PMJJB Y Total Enrolled till Date	Number of Eligible PMMY Borrowers for PMSBY	PMSBY Enrolled till 30- 09-2021	PMSBY Enrolled during the Week	PMSBY Total Enrolled till Date
Bank of Baroda	792	111	0	81	955	254	0	93
Bank of India	2110	269	3	546	2679	951	3	1293
Bank of Maharashtra	175	125	0	6	228	161	0	4
Canara Bank	3634	396	1	838	4373	815	2	880
Central Bank of India	951	56	1	189	1155	316	1	378
Indian Bank	189	11	1	72	301	27	2	106
Indian Overseas Bank	269	24	0	2	324	43	0	6
Punjab & Sind Bank	1957	111	0	44	1957	435	0	481
Punjab National Bank	23304	3409	0	4600	29856	9136	0	12342
State Bank of India	3948	3422	0	526	3422	608	0	1454
UCO Bank	5553	1523	3	240	6613	2192	3	335
Union Bank of India	812	101	0	196	1670	365	1	781
Jammu & Kashmir Bank	336	320	1	10	409	26	1	33
Total	44030	9878	10	7350	53942	15329	13	18186

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AGENDA ITEM NO.-4

4.1 <u>VILLAGES UNCOVERED BY FINANCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE ON JAN DHAN</u> DARSHAK APP

The Mission Office is time and again sharing the list with us pertaining to unbanked villages in HP State which has no banking outlet (branch, BC or ATM) within a radius of 5 kms. As per extant RBI Policy, there should be a banking touch point within a radius of 5 kms at least in the form of BC. A brick and mortar branch should be opened in the area having population of 2000 persons or 500 households.

Till September, 2021, there were 59 villages without Banking Touch Points in the State as per DFS portal. In 161st SLBC Meeting the issue of thin population in Lahaul & Spiti and Kinnaur Districts were taken up with DFS, which was also attended by Director, DFS Mr.Sanjay Kumar, with recommendations either to enhance the radius to 15 kms as a special case or consider these centres as banked because regular banking services were already being provided through one or more banking touch points. Vide DFS letter No.08.04.2021-FI(Mission Office) dated 01.11.2021 DFS, Ministry of Finance, agreed to our proposition recommended by SLBC and minutised requesting to accept the suggestion looking to the genuineness of topographic conditions. As per latest report only four villages, as given below, are remaining as unbanked as per DFS Portal, however, banking facilities are equally provided to the people of these villages.

	At present the below mention 4 villages are only Unbanked Villages in HP State.									
Sr. Distt Name Sub-Distt Village Name Population Served by										
1	Kangra	Fatehpur	Mohli Khas (14)	239	KCCB, Indora					
2	Shimla	Chaupal	Jabna (67)	79	IPPB, HPSCB Deha					
3	Shimla	Theog	Jangal Chadaha(61)	108	IPPB, SBI & HPSCB, Deha					
4	Shimla	Theog	Jangal Khagn (60)	63	IPPB, SBI & HPSCB, Deha					

The Kangra Central Cooperative Bank reported that they have entered the lat-long on portal but still the center is being shown as unbanked. We request NABARD to look into the matter. Moreover, the nearby bank branches of any other bank may also explore possibility to appoint a BC in the area.

The SBI has updated the information of BCs engaged by their Bank at Tai in Chamba District who is covering other two villages Rusmas and Sural Bhatori as well.

In the last Steering Committee Meeting it was decided that concerned LDMs alongwith LDO of RBI will visit 1 unbanked village in Kangra District and LDM Shimla. The LDM Shimla has visited the said 3 villages of Shimla District along with LDO Mr.Amrender Gupta of RBI Shimla, on 07.03.2022. The LDM Shimla has submitted his findings which convey that Jangal Chadaha and Jangal Khagn are inhabited by only migratory people who have their orchards in the area and stay there only for harvesting and return to the permanent habitats in Godna panchayat. The visit report explains that these are the same people who are having double establishments and return to lower heights during winter when nobody lives there. The banking services to these people are provided by SBI and HPSCB Deha. The HPGB has appointed BCs at Jhina and Nanahar villages. The distance from these villages up to Jabna is less than 2 kms but the location of the BCs is slightly beyond the radius of 5 kms shown on portal. However, google map also shows the distance less than 2 kms between these villages. The people of Jabna are getting banking service

from this BC and HPGB, Basadhar, UCO Bank & HPSCB, Chopal & Marawog and SBI Chopal. He also added that presently there are only 7 families having inhabitable interest at Jabna.

We may add that 3 villages of Shimla District were shown allotted to IPPB. We have received a letter from IPPB dated 22.02.2022 conveying their inability to cover these villages as their operations in the area are not on CBS. We need to allot these villages to some other Banks operating nearby area. It can be done only after joint survey by the LDM and LDO.

Now only 4 villages are left to be covered i.e. one in Kangra District and 3 in Shimla District.

However, pending the survey by LDM & LDO of Mohli Khas village, we found on dbtgis.nic.in portal that SBI at Khui Khera village, in the vicinity of Mohli Khas in Kangra District, has installed an ATM. We may request SBI to appoint a BC by their Bank as KCCB do not have BC concept in their Bank.

The RBI may call for the explanations of LDM and LDO Kangra for not complying with the instructions as well as SBI may come forward voluntarily to appoint a BC in Mohli Khas village where they have already an ATM at village Khui Khera which falls within 5 kms radius.

Representative from SBI may apprise of the current status for engagement of BC and updating of information of dbtgis portal. House may deliberate upon the situation of other 3 unbanked villages of Shimla District.

4.2 EXPANDING AND DEEPENING OF DIGITAL PAYMENTS:

National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) is an umbrella organization managing all Retail Payments in India. With a view to augment the pace of digitalization and fulfillment of Digital India Mission in HP, Chief, Business Development, NPCI, New Delhi has written to a letter to Chief Secretary of the Himachal Pradesh on 02.12.2020, with a copy to SLBC to share the concern of NPCI with member banks operating in HP State. NPCI has highlighted few below mentioned parameters for immediate attention and implementation in the State of HP.

- 1. BHIM-UP QR and Rupay NCMC in Transport Buses.
- 2. BHIM-UP QR for all Cash Points in the State.
- 3. BHIM-UP QR for collection of Taxes.
- 4. Enablement of UPI/Rupay on all Government Websites and counter to accept payments.
- 5. Digital payments option by all merchants.
- 6. BHIM-UP QR enablement on all Tourism ticketing and collection.
- 7. On the spot facility of challan payments via Debit/Credit and UPI.
- 8. BHIM-UP QR for all Customer Service Points as payment option.
- 9. NETC enablement on all State Toll Plazas.
- 10. Rupay Debit Card to all State Government Employees.
- 11. DBT via NACH on Account or Aadhaar based.

Additionally, with a view to encourage digitization of payments and enhance financial inclusion through digitization, a High-Level Committee on Deepening of Digital Payments under the Chairmanship of Sh. Nandan Nilekani, former Chairman, UIDAI was constituted by Reserve Bank of India in May 2019 and made recommendations related to leveraging of SLBC mechanism for deepening of digital payments.

In this backdrop, SLBCs were tasked with setting-up a "Sub-Committee on Digital Payments" and identifying one district in each State to be converged with 'Transformation of Aspirational District' programme of the Government of India to make it 100% digitally enabled WITHIN A TIME FRAME OF ONE YEAR in close coordination and collaboration with all stakeholders, including SLBC, State Government, RBI etc.

The sub-committee on Digital Payments constituted by SLBC, H.P., in its meeting held on 16.10.2019 unanimously identified Hamirpur district in the State of Himachal Pradesh. Punjab National Bank is the Lead Bank in District Hamirpur. Consequent to this, during the course of deliberations in the 154th SLBC meeting, Mr. Anil Kumar Khachi, Chief Secretary, to the Govt. of H.P. opined that in addition to Hamirpur, State Bank of India and UCO Bank, being the major Banks in the State should identify one more district each and ensure that the identified districts are enabled digitally. Pursuant to this, SBI has been entrusted with district Chamba which is also an aspirational district and Solan is identified by UCO Bank.

Sub-committee on Digital Payments is entrusted with the given indicative list of agenda points:

- 1. Mapping of financial institutions for DBT transfer and Aadhaar linking with Bank Accounts.
- 2. Identification of shadow areas where brick and mortar branch opening is not feasible by strengthening the services of Business Correspondents.
- 3. Enhanced financial literacy activities for spreading the awareness for DBT benefits and increasing digital payment systems amongst the rural beneficiaries.
- 4. Narrowing the gap of basic banking facilities with technical expertise.
- 5. To monitor the P2P points, issuing Debit Cards and establishment of POS for effecting Digital Payment.
- 6. To assess and enhance Transactions between G2M, G2P, P2G, M2G with involvement of State Government.
- 7. To arrange digitalization of Mandis, Haats, wholesale markets for the benefits of rural consumers.
- 8. Shifting from Cash Transactions system to Digital Receipt/Payment system in all Government Departments where financial transactions are involved.

As per the preliminary feedback received from stakeholders, special thrust to digital Business to Consumers (B2C) and Consumers to Business (C2B) transactions should be given in the identified districts which would act as a catalyst for achieving the objectives of the programme. Hence, following actions are suggested:

- 1. Time bound roadmap to all branches of member Banks located in the districts for on-boarding merchants/traders/business/utility service providers to facilitate fully digital transactions by October, 2020 have been devised by SLBC.
- 2. A field level assessment/survey of merchants/traders/businesses/utility service providers located in the identified districts to be conducted by LDMs.
- 3. Targets have been assigned for on-boarding merchants other than those already covered by branches in such a manner that all the merchants operating in the identified districts are effectively enabled for facilitating digital transactions.
- 4. Issues related to availability of digital infrastructure, connectivity, etc. in the identified districts may be looked into and reviewed by the Sub-Committee of the SLBC. Such issues raised by the field functionaries shall be addressed by Telecom Service Providers.

The above suggested measures and strategies are being meticulously followed up by SLBC. Also, the Convenor Bank is continuously monitoring the progress of the roadmap on monthly basis.

Status of District Bilaspur and Una as on $31^{\rm st}$ March, 2022 under various Digital parameters is given below:

DEEPE	NING OF DIGITAL DI	STRICT - POSITION OF PERFO	ORMANCE AS ON 31	.03.2022
			BILASPUR	UNA
SC	НЕМЕ	PARTICULARS	Actual	Actual
		TOTAL POPULATION	405500	521000
	Eligible Operative	Total No. of Accounts	628018	908372
	Savings Accounts	Out of which, women Accounts	264267	388269
		Total No. of Accounts covered	279581	521655
		% Coverage of Total Accounts	44.52%	57.43%
		No. of Women Accounts covered	89777	213228
	Debit/Rupay cards coverage	% Coverage of Women Accounts	33.97%	54.92%
		Total No. of Accounts covered	129983	304432
	-	% Coverage of Total Accounts	20.70%	33.51%
		No. of Women Accounts covered	34973	127179
	Internet Banking Coverage	% Coverage of Women Accounts	13.23	41.78%
		Total No. of Accounts covered	177328	342653
		% Coverage of Total Accounts	28.24%	37.72%
	Mobile Banking+	No. of Women Accounts covered	41101	119137
	UPI+USSD Coverage	% Coverage of Women Accounts	15.55	30.68%
		Total No. of Accounts covered	395048	404374
		% Coverage of Total Accounts	62.90%	44.52%
		No. of Women Accounts covered	128939	174153
	AEPS Coverage	% Coverage of Women Accounts	48.79%	44.85%
1. Digital coverage for individuals	Coverage with at least one of the digital modes of	Total No. of Accounts covered	415137	835276
(Savings Accounts)	payment (Debit/ RuPay cards,	% Coverage of Total Accounts	66.10%	91.95%

	Internet banking, Mobile	No. of Women Accounts	133438	339114
	banking, UPI, USSD, AEPS)	covered	133430	339114
		% Coverage of Women Accounts	50.49%	40.60%
		**No. of Operative SB Accounts ineligible for digital coverage as per bank's Board approved policies	40097	110969
		Total No. of Eligible Operative Current/ Business Accounts	12234	20173
		No. of Eligible Operative Current/ Business Accounts covered through Net Banking	5154	7082
		% Net banking coverage	42.13%	35.11%
		No. of POS/ QR availed by Eligible Operative Current/ Business accounts	3810	5443
		% of POS/ QR coverage	31.14%	26.98%
		No. of Eligible Operative Current/ Business Accountd covered with Mobile Banking etc.	5335	9513
		% of Mobile Banking coverage	43.61%	47.16%
		Total No. of Eligible Operative Current/ Business Accounts covered with at least one of facilities - Net Banking/ POS/ QR/ Mobile Banking* etc.	7226	11992
		% of Eligible Operative Accounts digitally covered (with at least one of the facilities) out of total Operative Current/		
		Business Accounts	59.06%	59.45%
2. Digital		**No. of Operative Current/ Business Accounts ineligible for digital coverage as per bank's		
coverage for business		Board approved policies	743	1346
(Current Accounts)		No. of people participated	10074	2987

As suggested by the Chief Secretary in the 161st SLBC Meeting, the digital payments information for all Banks in the State shall be placed before the House. A regular format as given above has been placed on slbcindia.com portal and Banks were advised to upload the files on the portal. Bank wise progress under Deepening of digital ecosystem is annexed at page no. 139 of the agenda.

4.3 AADHAAR COVERAGE IN HIMACHAL PRADESH:

In Himachal Pradesh there are 73,84,022 residents (projected population 2021) and 81,20,648 UIDs (109.98%) have been generated in the State. Aadhaar saturation level in the State for the population above 5 years is more than 100%.

Also, age-wise classification of AADHAAR coverage as on 13.02.2022 in the State is appended below:

Himachal Pradesh- Dashboard 17.04.2022

Sr			0 to 5 year	's		5 to 18 year	s	А	bove 18 yea	rs		All Ages	
No	District	Population	Aadhaar Generation	% Aadhaar Generation									
1	Bilaspur	31424	18745	59.65%	79044	85222	107.82%	303290	354264	116.81%	413758	458231	110.75%
2	Chamba	50380	21583	42.84%	131542	136973	104.13%	374856	448214	119.57%	556778	606770	108.98%
3	Hamirpur	36216	23996	66.26%	98675	97491	98.80%	357589	460494	128.78%	492480	581981	118.17%
4	Kangra	121443	74688	61.50%	314013	329770	105.02%	1195745	1449648	121.23%	1631200	1854106	113.67%
5	Kinnaur	5572	1983	35.59%	15059	16646	110.54%	68116	69482	102.01%	88747	88111	99.28%
6	Kullu	36748	19985	54.38%	99762	100386	100.63%	335476	392938	117.13%	471986	513309	108.76%
7	L&S	2099	906	43.16%	6111	5822	95.27%	24087	27258	113.16%	32296	33986	105.23%
8	Mandi	81553	47297	58.00%	219116	219869	100.34%	779806	931538	119.46%	1080476	1198704	110.94%
9	Shimla	57445	23607	41.09%	189085	165216	87.38%	620334	702470	113.24%	866863	891293	102.82%
10	Sirmaur	50174	30008	59.81%	129675	142607	109.97%	389990	449337	115.22%	569840	621952	109.15%
11	Solan	50032	22401	44.77%	139181	127409	91.54%	426877	484827	113.58%	616090	634637	103.01%
12	Una	43629	28172	64.57%	118151	117207	99.20%	401728	492189	122.52%	563508	637568	113.14%
O	6.Total	566716	313371	55.30%	1539414	1544618	100.34%	5277894	6262659	118.66%	7384022	8120648	109.98%

It is worth noting that the AADHAAR coverage for all the age groups in the State except for those falling between 0 to 5 years is above 100%. Efforts to bring this age group under AADHAAR coverage should be undertaken.

4.3.1) <u>LATEST STATUS OF AADHAAR ENROLMENT & UPDATION CENTRES</u> (AECS) IN HIMACHAL PRADESH:

Banks have set up Aadhaar Enrolment and updation centre vide notification dated 14.7.2017 issued by Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI). These centres are providing Aadhaar enrolment and updation facility within the branch premises at the selected centres.

In Himachal Pradesh, at present, 215 Aadhaar Enrolment & Updation Centres opened by Banks & Department of Post and these centres are in active status.

Bank wise position of Aadhaar Enrolment & Updation Centre (AECs) in mentioned as below:

Bank-wise status of Aadhaar Enrolment & Updation Centres (AECs) in Himachal Pradesh					
Status d	Status dated: 17.04.2022				
S No	Bank	No of Centres			
1	Bank of Baroda	3			
2	Bank of India	1			

3	Central Bank of India	5
4	Fino Payment Banks	1
5	HDFC Bank Limited	7
6	ICICI Bank Ltd	7
7	Indian Bank	1
8	Indian Overseas Bank	2
9	IndusInd Bank Limited	4
10	J & K Bank	1
11	Punjab & Sind Bank	3
12	RBL Bank Limited	1
13	State Bank of India	21
14	UCO Bank	7
15	Union Bank Of INDIA	2
16	YES Bank Limited	8
Α	Banks (Summary)	74
В	Department of Post	141
C	Other Govt. Agencies	932
D	Total centers in HP	1147
Source:	https://appointments.uidai.gov.in	

a. Revision of Targets- Minimum number of Aadhaar Enrolment and update to be done by Banks

Considering the overall achievement of target by banks during pre-Corona period, low footfall for Aadhaar activities in some areas and the present pandemic situation of COVID-19, UIDAI vide its circular dated 24.07.2020 has relaxed the financial disincentive for not achieving the target (@Rs. 20,000/- per branch) of 8 enrolment/update transactions per day per branch up to 30th September, 2020.

Target of enrolments/ updates have been revised by UIDAI for the banks from $1^{\rm st}$ July 2020 onwards and are as follows:

- 1. From 01.07.2020 to 30.09.2020: Min. 4 enrolments/update per day per branch
- 2. From 01.10.2020 onwards: Min. 8 enrolments/ update per day per branch

In case the bank fails to meet the above revised targets, financial disincentive will be levied from the month of October, 2020 onwards.

b. Audit and Inspection of Aadhaar Centres Operated by Banks

As per communication received from UIDAI, complaints are being received of the nature like overcharging, denial of services, misbehavior, violation of UIDAI guidelines, etc from general public. All banks are requested to keep a check on operators/ supervisors providing Aadhaar services to the residents.

As per latest UIDAI office memorandum OM No. 4(4)/57/372/2016/E&U-I dated 09.05.2020, charges to be applicable to the Residents for various Aadhaar services at all Aadhaar Enrolment and Update Centres are as follows: -

Services	Rate of fee to be collected from Residents by Registrar/EA (incl. GST)
Aadhaar Enrolment	Free of Cost
Mandatory Biometric Update (MBU)/MBU along with demographic update	Free of Cost
Biometric Update with or without	Rs. 100.00
Demographic update	
Demographic Update	Rs. 50.00

e-Aadhaar download and colour print on	Rs. 30.00
A1 Shoot	

To overcome all the above mentioned issues, SLBC have also instructed the LDMs in the State vide email dated 10.11.2020 to carry out inspections of Aadhaar Enrolment Centres in their respective districts. It has been decided to inspect at least two Aadhaar Enrolment Centers per week per district. The checklist designed by UIDAI for this purpose has been shared with the LDMs and has to be furnished after every inspection of Enrolment Centre.

The representative from UIDAI may deliberate on the issue.

4.4 Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) implementation in H.P. :

Direct Benefit Transfer or DBT is an anti-poverty program launched by Government of India on 1st January 2013. This program aims to transfer subsidies directly to the people living below poverty line. The primary aim of this Direct Benefit Transfer program is to bring transparency and terminate pilferage from distribution of funds sponsored by Central Government of India. In DBT, benefit or subsidy will be directly transferred to account of a person entitled for subsidy under various welfare scheme of GoI and State Government.

The Government is emphasizing on transfer of benefits direct to the account of Beneficiaries through Aadhaar Payment Bridge System (APBS). The concerned Government Departments have taken initiative for Aadhaar seeding in the Bank account of the Beneficiaries and linked to NPCI mapper.

A) DBT Payments in H.P.

Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) implemented in the State for payment of benefits under various GoI Schemes and State Government Schemes by the various Government Departments viz. Education Department, Health Department, WCD, NSAP Rural Department, IT Deptt. etc. The position of DBT payments made since inception in Himachal Pradesh is mentioned as below for information of the house.

Status of DBT Payments in HP as of March, 2022 mentioned as below:

DBT-I	DBT-Himachal Pradesh— 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 'Cash Schemes only'						
Sr. No.	Department	Scheme	Count*	Amount (in Rs)			
1		PM OBC	4862	44966524			
2		PM SC	973	37304430			
3		PM ST	3262	84230818			
4		Pre Matric OBC	1279	1073450			
5		Pre Matric SC	9259	27695100			
6		MCM for Minority	-	-			
7		SVUCY	3561	35610000			
8	Education	DAMCY OBC	1551	15510000			
9	Dept	DAMCY SC	712	8544000			
10		IRDP	9552	9356750			
11		MAHRISHI BALMIKI CHHATTRAVRITI YOJNA	1	9000			
12		KALPANA CHAWLA CHHATERVRITI YOJNA	1944	32565000			
13		THAKUR SEN NEGI UTKRISHTHA CHHATERVRITI YOJNA	223	2453000			

		INDIRA GANDHI UTKRISHTHA CHHATERVRITI YOJNA FOR POST	-	_
14		PLUS TWO STUDENT		
15		Rashtriya Indian Military College (RIMC)	8	160000
16		Mukhya Mantri Protsahan Yojna	5	375000
17		NDA	-	-
18		PM EBC (Economically Backward Classes)	462	1612119
19	1	Pre Matric ST	1728	4249500
20		Sainik School Sujanpur Tihra Scholarship Scheme	-	-
21		Incentive to SC/ST Girls for Higher Education	-	-
22		Up-Gradation of Merit Scholarship for SC	-	-
23		Post Matric scholarship to students with disabilities	-	1
24	UGC	FELLOWSHIP SCHEMES OF UGC	-	1
25	Health Dept	JSY	3014	8009010
26	Health Dept	Mukhya Mantri Kshaya Rog Nivarana Yojna	952	6405000
27	WCD	IGMSY	-	-
28		IGNWP\$	95515	319944978
29	NSAP	IGNDPS	4326	19737780
30		NOAPS	398240	1592458614
31	RD Dept	MGNREGA *	3533705	11017372286
32	PDS	CASH FOR FOOD	-	-
33	Other	National Child Labour Policy	-	-
34	WCD	Incentive to AWW	-	-
35	WCD	Incentive to AWC	-	
36		Asha Incentive	27622	393546048
37		Payment to Contractual Staff	4378	163961798
38		FAMILY PLANNING	446	354385
39	Health Dept	NIKSHAY - DOT Provider Honorarium	5581	7936400
40		NIKSHAY - TB Notification incentive for Private Sector	818	1443500
41		NIKSHAY - TB Patients incentive for Nutritional support	73104	53480500
42		NIKSHAY - Tribal TB Patients	567	429750
43		OLD AGE PENSION	1254390	4879205787
44	SC, ST, OBC,	WIDOW PENSION	403090	1319283540
45	MINORITTIES	DISABILITY RELEIF ALLOWANCE	258532	928535430
46		REHABILATION ALLOWANCE TO LEPERS	3964	13844074
47		TRANSGENDER PENSION	31	84150
48	HORTICULTURE	Mukhya Mantri Madhu Vikas Yojna	1221	16740447

49		Himachal Pushp Kranti Yojana	137	49055261
50	_	Mukhya Mantri Green House renovation	16	793996
51		Installation of Anti Hail Net	1625	122978390
52		Anti Hail Net Structure	1119	27853268
53		Himachal Khumb Vikas Yojna	193	12475000
54		Mukhya Mantri Kiwi Protsahan Yojna	75	8939849
55		Sub Mission on Agriculture Mechanization	1272	16169094
56		Financial Assistance for Old age pension to ex-serviceman	2080	18899601
57	- SAINIK	Financial Assistance for Old Aage Pension to World War-II Veterans	2916	46191219
58	WELFARE	Financial Assistance to the Families of Killed/ Disabled Defence Personal(Financial Assistance for the marriage of daughters of War Widows)	17	11500000
59	STATE GOVT	Security Related Expenditure (Modernisation of Police Forces)	5002	29288416
60	HEALTH DEPT	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)	-	-
61	LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT	CENTRAL BOARD FOR WORKERS EDUCATION (CSS)	1	ı
62		Mukhya Mantri Awas yojna	45	6750000
63	RURAL	Matri shakti bima yojna MSBY HP	30	6000000
64	DEVELOPMENT	PRADHAN MANTRI AWAS YOJNA (PMAY)- RURAL (CSS)	1587	206310000
65		PRADHAN MANTRI GRAM SADAK YOJNA	-	-
66	WCD	Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojna (CSS)	17172	61033000
67	WCD	Widow Remarriage	42	2100000
68		Beti Hai Anmol	2349	20359000
69	WCD	Child Protection Services – (Facilities to Beneficiaries (Sponsorship and foster Care))	999	14062875
70	WCD	Mother Terressa Matri Ashay Sambal Yojana	15849	59189000
71	WCD	Mukhyamantri Kanyadan Yojana	1414	63316000
72	ministry of minority affairs	MERIT - CUM - MEANS BASED SCHOLARSHIP FOR PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL COURSES OF UNDER GRADUATE AND POST-GRADUATE	-	

73	MINISTRY OF MINORITY AFFAIRS	POST MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP FOR MINORITIES	-	-
74	MINISTRY OF MINORITY AFFAIRS	PRE MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP FOR MINORITIES	-	-
75	SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT	SCHOLARSHIP FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES	ı	1
76	ELEMENTARY EDUCATION	Pre Matric Scholarship for Children of Those Engaged Unclean Occupations	-	-
77	LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT ALLOWANCE	241903	559529500
78	LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT	SKILL DEVELOPMENT ALLOWANCE	227232	288665000
79	HORTICULTURE	MISSION INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT OF HORTICULTURE	2888	131570817
80	FISHERIES	Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana	3083	24314824
81		SCHOLARSHIP FOR PG DEGREE LEVEL COURCES	-	-
82	TECHNICAL EDUCATION	SCHOLARSHIP FOR DIPLOMA COURCES	-	-
83		SCHOLARSHIP FOR ITI COURCES	-	-
G.Total		66,37,534	2283,58,32,278	

(B) Current Status on DBT in Himachal Pradesh

- ➤ State DBT Portal is live and integration with Bharat DBT Portal has been completed.
- > Total 175 (83 Central Sponsored Schemes and 92 State Sponsored Scheme) have been on-boarded on Bharat DBT Portal and IT department is in-process of identifying the additional schemes in consultation with all State Government Departments
- ➤ Rs. 2283.58 Crore during the financial year 2021-22 have been successfully transferred into beneficiaries Aadhaar enabled bank accounts under 83 cash schemes, as mentioned above.

The representative from Department of IT, H.P. may apprise of the latest status.

4.5 <u>Issue regarding Mortgage of Immovable Property of any person belonging to Scheduled Tribes in District Kinnaur – Himachal Pradesh. Permission for Mortgage of land and property situated in tribal areas in the State for availing credit assistance from banks and FIs</u>

In 136th and 137th SLBC quarterly review meetings, the above issue had been deliberated with a request to the State Government authorities to permit Banks for mortgage of immovable property belonging to the scheduled tribes in the State which at present is not been permitted as per provisions under Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) Act 1968.

In District Kinnaur (Tribal district), Scheduled Banks cannot mortgage the immovable property of any person belonging to Scheduled Tribes, due to restriction imposed under section 3 (1) of Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) Act 1968 on every person belonging to Scheduled Tribe from transferring his interest in any land by way of sale,

mortgage, gift or otherwise to any person not belonging to such tribe except with the prior permission in writing of Deputy commissioner.

As a result of above provisions of the Act, Scheduled Banks are facing legal hurdle in extending credit facilities to the inhabitants of the tribal areas in hassle free manner. In addition, Banks are not entitled to initiate action under the SARFAESI ACT 2002 and therefore huge funds of Banks have struck up due to non-recovery of bank dues from the defaulter borrowers.

Current Status: The matter referred by Govt. of Himachal Pradesh to Government of India for obtaining necessary approval in the matter.

House requests the representative from Tribal Development Department to apprise of the latest position in the matter.

4.6 RWBCIS: LOSS DUE TO HAILSTORM TO RABI 2019-20 APPLE CROP.

Banks are insuring apple crop for general and hailstorm loss under RWBCIS Scheme of the Centre Government. The premium is deducted from borrower accounts and sent to respective Insurance Company by the Banks. For insuring apple crop, UCO Bank Anti and HPSCB Jubbal, deducted farmers' premium to provide add-on cover to insure the hailstorm loss and premium was remitted on 03.01.2020 to Agriculture Insurance Company, Chandigarh before the last date of remittance i.e. 04.01.2020.

During the month of May, on 9th & 10th, there was huge hailstorm in Jubbal and Anti area which caused heavy loss to apple crop. On 12th May, UCO Bank, Anti sent information through mail to AIC, Chandigarh. On receipt of the information, on 25th May, 2020, AIC returned the premium amount and informed through mail as under:

"With reference to trail mail, we would again like to clarify your good-self that Add-on/Index cover for hailstorm is optional and only those farmers are covered which have been insured under main cover and whose proposal forms along with land documents have been received on or before 04.01.2020. Moreover, there is no provision to enter Add-on cover data on NCIP (National Crop Insurance Portal). Only data for main cover is uploaded on NCIP. Mere submission of premium amount and sending excel sheet of compiled farmer-wise data to insurance company does not ensure coverage of farmers under Add-on cover.

As no proposal form and land document have been received from your branch within stipulated time, accordingly no farmer was insured under Add-on cover and the excess premium has been refunded on 29.05.2020."

The affected farmers lodged the complaint with Director, Horticulture and a reconciliation meeting with farmers, Insurance Company, Branch Managers of Jubbal and Anti Branch along with representative from SLBC was held at the office of Director Horticulture, Nav Bahar, Shimla on 30.06.2020.

The matter remained pending with AIC & Director Horticulture. On 05.11.2020, Director Horticulture conveyed his decision to HPSCB Jubbal and UCO Bank Anti, with a copy to SLBC that the Banks are at fault and will have to bear the loss. The logic for declining the claim is that premium was deducted after due date i.e. 20.12.2019. But the Notification well clarifies that Banks/Insurance Companies will accept the proposals, premium and other documents showing insurable interest till 20.12.2019. It means that loanee farmers who have been sanctioned KCCs (causing Insurable Interest) up to 20.12.2019 and non-loanee farmers who have submitted proposals up to 20.12.2019 shall be eligible for insurance. Premium was to be deducted from 21.12.2019 till 04.01.2020 and remitted to Insurance Company on or before cut-off date i.e. 04.01.2020 along with summarized detail of farmers. The Banks have followed the stipulated time line.

The matter was taken up with Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare, Govt. of India during a VC wherein they clarified that if the hard copies of proposal forms were not received by AIC, they should have refunded the premium within 45 days after the receipt of premium as they have sufficient detail of the add-on cover premium which was provided to them on 04.01.2020 by the Branch through mail. The Banks have raised the objection that AIC refunded the premium only when claim was lodged. They kept the premium with them for 5 months and returned on 29.05.2020. It is worth noting that add-on cover and other regular premium was remitted on 03.01.2020 along with detail of farmers in excel file but company returned the premium for add-on cover only stating the remittance of premium after due date.

The matter was taken up in Steering Committee Meeting also on 16.12.2020. It was suggested to place the matter before SLBC meeting as well.

It has happened during Rabi 2016-17 also when hail storm loss was claimed by the farmers, insurance company settled the claim only for 2% of farmers and all others was declined, for which farmers have filed a writ petition in HP High Court on 06.01.2020 in the name of Sh. Ravinder Singh Chauhan & Others Versus State of HP & Others, after failed persuasion with Insurance Company.

On 10.06.2021, Director Horticulture convened a reconciliation meeting with SLBC & Insurance Co. to settle the issue.

It was also discussed in the PMFBY/RWBCIS meeting held under the Chairmanship of Chief Secretary on 01.11.2021 alongwith Director Agriculture, Director Horticulture, and Insurance Co. The CS has directed the RM AIC to resolve the issue at an early date. No outcome reported till date.

The matter is placed before the House for information.

4.7 INTRODUCTION OF E-RUPI (CASHLESS AND CONTACTLESS DIGITAL PAYMENT SOLUTION:

National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) in association with Department of Financial Services (DFS), National Health Authority (NHA), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW), and partner banks, has launched an innovative digital solution – 'e-RUPI'.

E- RUPI (Cashless and contactless) Digital Payment Solution was launched on 02.08.2021 to promote leakage free targeted delivery system to make sure that the relief reaches the needy and utilized for the intended purpose.

It is a prepaid e-voucher for one time use with defined validity. The users of this seamless one-time payment mechanism will be able to redeem the voucher without a card, digital payments app or internet banking access, at the merchants accepting e-RUPI.

E-RUPI would be shared with the beneficiaries for a specific purpose or activity by organizations or Government via SMS or QR code. This contactless e-RUPI is easy, safe and secure as it keeps the details of the beneficiaries completely confidential. The entire transaction process through this voucher is relatively faster and at the same time reliable, as the required amount is already stored in the voucher.

All the banks and govt. department are requested to popularize the product.

4.8 PRIME MINISTER FOOD AND MICRO PROCESSING ENTERPRISES:

The unorganized food processing sector in the country comprises nearly 25 lakh food processing enterprises which are unregistered and informal.

The unorganized food processing industry in India faces challenges:

- (a) Lack of productivity and innovation due to limited skills and access to modern technology and machinery for production and packaging;
- (b) Deficient quality and food safety control systems, including lack of basic awareness on good hygienic and manufacturing practices;
- (c) Lack of branding & marketing skills and inability to integrate with the supply chains etc.;
- (d) Capital deficiency and low bank credit.

Unorganized micro food processing units, need intensive hand holding support for skill training, entrepreneurship, technology, credit and marketing, across the value chain, necessitating active participation of the state government for better outreach.

This scheme is a centrally sponsored scheme that is designed to address the challenges faced by the micro enterprises and to tap the potential of groups and FPOs.

The scheme aims to:

- i) Enhance the competitiveness of existing individual micro-enterprises in the unorganized segment of the food processing industry and promote formalization of the sector; and
- ii) Support Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs), Self Help Groups (SHGs) and Producers Cooperatives along their entire value chain.

The programme has four broad components addressing the needs of the sector:

- i) Support to individual and groups of micro enterprises;
- ii) Branding and Marketing support;
- iii) Support for strengthening of institutions;
- iv) Setting up robust project management framework.

Group Category:

The Scheme would support clusters and groups such as FPOs/SHGs/ producer cooperatives along their entire value chain for sorting, grading, assaying, storage, common processing, packaging, marketing, processing of agri-produce, and testing laboratories. Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs)/Producer Cooperatives

- i) FPOs and Producer Cooperatives would be provided the following support: Grant @ 35% with credit linkage;
- ii) Training support;
- iii) Maximum limit of grant in such cases would be as prescribed.

Eligibility Criteria for Co-operatives/FPOs:

- iv) It should preferably be engaged in processing of One District One Product (ODOP) produce;
- v) It should have minimum turnover of Rs.1 crore;
- vi) The cost of the project proposed should not be larger than the present turnover;
- vii) The members should have sufficient knowledge and experience in dealing with the product for a minimum period of 3 years.
- viii) The cooperative/FPO should have sufficient internal resources or sanction from the State Government to meet 10% of the project cost and margin money for working

capital;

Self Help Groups (SHGs)

A number of SHGs are undertaking food processing activities. The Scheme proposes to provide following support to SHGs:-

Seed capital:

- i) Seed capital @ Rs40,000/- per member of SHG for working capital and purchase of small tools would be provided under the scheme;
- ii) Priority would be given for SHGs involved in ODOP produce in giving seed capital;
- All the members of an SHG may not be involved in the food processing. Therefore, seed capital would be provided at the federation level of SHGs;
- X) This would be given as grant to the SHG federation by SNA/ SRLM. SHG federation would provide this amount as a loan to the members of SHGs to be repaid to the SHG.

Support to individual SHG member as a single unit of food processing industry with credit linked grant @35% with maximum amount being Rs 10 lakh.

Support for capital investment at federation of SHG level, with credit linked grant @35%. Maximum limit of grant in such cases would be as prescribed.

Training & Handholding Support to SHGs: For support to SHGs, a large number of trained resource persons are available with State Rural Livelihood Missions (SRLMs). These local resource persons of SRLM having expertise in agro-produce would be utilized for training, upgradation of units, DPR preparation, handholding support, etc.

Eligibility Criteria for Seed Capital for SHGs:

- i) Only SHG members that are presently engaged in food processing would be eligible;
- ii) The SHG member has to commit to utilize this amount for working capital and purchase of small tools and give a commitment in this regard to the SHG and SHG federation;
- iii) Before providing the seed capital, SHG Federation should collect the following basic details for each of the members:
- a) Details of the product being processed;
- b) Other activities undertaken;
- c) Annual turnover;
- d) Source of raw materials and marketing of produce.

Eligibility Criteria for Credit Linked Grant for Capital Investment for SHGs:

- Xi) The SHGs should have sufficient own funds for meeting 10% of the project cost and 20% margin money for working capital or sanction of the same as grant from the State Government;
- Xii) The SHG members should have for a minimum period of 3 years' experience in processing of the ODOP product.

The Bank wise pendency under PMFME as on 28.05.2022 is given below:

S.No.	Bank	Pending for less than 1 month	Pending for more than 1 month	Total
1.	Central Bank of India	3	0	3
2.	HDFC Bank	1	10	11

3.	HP Gramin Bank	0	6	6
4.	HP State Cooperative Bank	5	12	17
5.	IDBI	0	1	1
6.	Jogindra Central Cooperative Bank	0	1	1
7.	Punjab National Bank	13	5	18
8.	State Bank of India	26	22	48
9.	Kangra Central Cooperative bank	0	1	1
10.	UCO Bank	5	7	12
11.	Union Bank of Shimla	0	1	1
TOTAL		53	66	119

4.9 BRANCH EXPANSION:

Branch Expansion is major agenda under Financial Inclusion Programme of the Government of India. In this direction, opening of Branches, Business Correspondents and ATMs are the major banking touch-points towards coverage of unbanked areas under Financial Inclusion.

The following centers are pending for opening of Bank Branches in different districts of the State:

1. LDM Shimla informed that opening of a Branch at Dodra Kwar is pending.

PNB has informed that their CO Shimla has conducted a survey for opening of branch at Dodra Kawar and recommended that opening of branch at Dodra Kawar is not viable.

2. LDM Kullu has informed to open a Branch at Kasol, Distt. Kullu, allotted to PNB.

PNB has replied that permission for opening of branch at Kasole has been conveyed to CO MANDI and branch will be opened very shortly.

3. LDM Mandi has informed to open branches at Gwalpur and Kotbadain Plassi allotted to PNB.

PNB has informed that survey by LDM Mandi was conducted for opening a branch at KOTBADAIN /PLASSI under Tehsil Baldwara of Gopalpur Block and found that the centre is not Viable.

Chattri, Rewalsar, Nihri, Thalout, Bhaderwar allotted to SBI. No update from SBI received so far.

No update received from SBI.

• Balhara Bazar has been allotted to State Cooperative Bank.

The HP State Cooperative Bank has informed that their NPA is 5.20% hence not permitted to open any new Branch as per RBI Policy. The concerned LDM may place the issue in DLRC and allot the center to any other Bank, if there is no other Bank Branch within the radius of 5 kms.

4. LDM Chamba informed that Himgiri village has been allotted to Bank of Baroda.

The Branch Manager of Bank of Baroda has conducted a survey and reported that the centre is not viable for opening a brick and mortar Branch. The LDM Chamba may inform the respective proposer or the authority from whom such proposal was received.

- Koti in Chamba District has been allotted to ICICI. They have informed that the Branch shall be opened in February, 2022.
- LDM Sirmour reported that Jamta villages has been identified but not allotted to any Bank.

- LDM Kangra informed that opening of Branch by PNB at Channaur is pending.
 PNB has informed that permission for opening a branch at Channour has been conveyed to CO Dharamshala and branch will be opened very shortly
- LDM Solan informed that Bajhol has been allotted to SBI, pending for opening a Branch.

The SBI has informed that they have deputed their Branch Heads of nearby branches of these centers to conduct a survey. Outcome shall be placed before the House in next Steering Committee Meeting/SLBC Meeting.

4.10 SPECIAL KCC SATURATION DRIVE:

As part of AtmaNirbhar Bharat Package for farmers, Hon'ble Finance Minister has announced Rs.2.00 lakh crores concessional credit boost to 2.5 crore farmers through KCC. Accordingly, a campaign was started from 01.06.2020 for PM Kisan beneficiaries, Animal Husbandry farmers and Fishermen. In order to further streamline the credit delivery to animal husbandry farmers and fisheries, a special SOP for weekly camp have been issued on 24.09.2021. A copy of SOP is given below which is also available on the website of DFS.

In order to ensure maximum coverage of farmers, engaged in animal husbandry and fisheries under KCC, it has now been decided to launch a special campaign for three months starting from 08.11.2021 till 15.02.2022, in the form of 'District Level Camp'. In the view of COVID, the campaign was temporarily suspended w.e.f 18th January 2022. Now the Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying vide its letter dated 01.04.2022 has informed that the nationwide AHDF KCC Campaign shall resume from 18.04.2022 till 31.07.2022.

In compliance of the instructions, Secretary Animal Husbandry & Fisheries have nominated Nodal Officers and have allotted district-wise targets to cover farmers by holding weekly camps. The LDMs will upload the progress on Jansuraksha portal on every Friday.

Progress under the campaign as on 03.06.2022 is given below:

KCC	Applications Received	Applications Sanctioned	Applications Rejected	Applicants already having KCC with other Bank	
Animal Husbandary	4984	2961	730	643	650
Fisheries	266	117	98	0	51

(Source: jansuraksha.gov.in)

4.11 ETHANOL BLENDING PROGRAM:

On 16.06.2021, Department of Food and Public Distribution, Government of India, held a meeting and shared that Projected benefits from 20% ethanol blending in 2025 shall

- INCOME OF FARMERS:
- Timely payment to cane farmers
- Benefits Maize & Paddy farmers
- Addresses surplus grain problem
- 165 lakh tons of grains will be utilized
- DOMESTIC SUGAR INDUSTRY:
 60 lakh tons of surplus sugar to be diverted Improves Liquidity.

- Checks depressed sale of sugar.
- Product Diversification
- IMPROVES AIR QUALITY:
- Reduces Carbon Monoxide emission
- by 30-50% &
- Hydrocarbon by 20%
- NEW INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES
- Rs.42,000 crore investment
- New industries in rural areas
- Job creation in villages
- ATMANIRBHAR BHARAT: REDUCES OIL IMPORT BILL
- Replaces Petrol with domestically produced ethanol
- Saves foreign exchange of Rs. 30,000 Cr.

As a progressive step, the following policy measures and assistance have been adopted by the Government:

Introduction of FCI Rice and Maize as new feed stocks and interest subvention scheme extended to grain based distilleries FCI rice to ethanol producers in 2020 & again in 2021 at concessional rate of Rs.2,000 per qtl & attractive ethanol price of Rs.56.87 per litre approved. Government has allowed entrepreneurs to produce ethanol directly from sugarcane juice by establishing a factory/sugar factory and also allowed B- heavy for production of ethanol other than blending. Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) has been issued by SBI / other Banks for faster loans to ethanol projects. Roadmap for ethanol blending in India 2020-25 released by Hon'ble PM on 5th June, 2021. In next ethanol year E10 fuel will be made available Pan India. E20 fuel will be made available from April 2023 in phases and pan India in 2025. BIS specifications for E 12 & E 15 blending have been notified on 2nd June, 2021.

Pilot project of E 100 dispensing from 3 locations at Pune launched by Hon'ble PM and it observed that enough availability of raw material like Sugarcane, Molasses, Damaged Food grain (Broken Rice), FCI Rice, Maize etc. exists in the country. Remunerative prices of ethanol fixed by the Central Govt (Rs 62.65 per litre from sugarcane juice, Rs 57.61 from B-Hy molasses, Rs 45.69 from C-Hy Molasses, Rs 56.87 from FCI Rice (Rice issued at 20 Rs/kg), Rs 51.55 from damaged food grains and maize. Prices of ethanol are fixed on the basis of prices of raw, materials and not on the basis of prices of crude oil. OMCs being the assured buyer for ethanol have given comfort for purchase of ethanol from distilleries for next 10 years. Tripartite Agreement between Distillery, Bank and OMC gives extra comfort to banks for lending wherein 6% or 50% of loan interest whichever is less, Interest subvention from Central Government shall be provided. Various incentives by State Governments in their Industrial Policies have been announced, as such, the upcoming ethanol projects are viable.

The Government of India has fixed target of 10% blending of fuel grade ethanol with petrol by 2022 & 20% blending by 2025. Requirement of ethanol to achieve 20% blending in 2025-26 is 1016 cr ltrs and for other users would be 334 cr ltrs. Against total requirement of 1350 cr ltrs, 684 cr ltrs can be met by sugar industry; & remaining 666 cr ltrs by grain based distilleries.

To achieve 20% blending from 2025, following ethanol quantities—are required to be supplied from Punjab 30 Cr ltrs, Haryana 34 Cr ltrs, Himachal Pradesh10 Cr ltrs, Chandigarh 5 Cr ltrs and Jammu & Kashmir 11 Cr ltrs. So States should have at least 20 % more ethanol production capacity than the required quantity of ethanol for blending within the state & additional capacity to supply to neighboring States.

Year-wise capacity utilization up to the year 2025 is given below:

		Ethanol Requirement			Capa	city Requiren	nent
Ethanol			(in crore lit	cres)	(i	n crore litres)	
Supply Year	Blending level	For blending	For other uses Total Requirement		Grain	Molasses	Total
2019-20	5%	173	250	423	258	426	684
2020-21	8.50%	325	260	585	260	450	710
2021-22	10%	437	270	707	300	519	819
2022-23	12%	542	280	822	350	625	975
2023-24	15%	698	290	988	450	725	1175
2024-25	20%	988	300	1288	700	730	1430
2025-26	20%	1016	334	1350	740	760	1500

State Governments to facilitate entrepreneurs in arranging land, water for project, to get EC & other clearances & facilitate them in setting up of distilleries. For EC, States should also issue standard ToR within 24 hrs, as is done by MoEF&CC. MOEF&CC has delegated powers to States for issuing EC to molasses based distilleries up to 100 KILO LITRE PER DAY and 200 KILO LITRE PER DAY for non-molasses based distilleries. Most of the ethanol projects fall in this category. It is requested to expedite clearances by State Pollution Control Board/State. As per IDR Amendment Act- State Govt should not impose restrictions on movement of fuel grade ethanol and should not levy any fee or tax on fuel grade ethanol. Progress may be reviewed periodically including in SLBC & intimated to DFPD on email ethanol.fpd@gov.in.

The Member Banks may apprise the House about the projects, if any, taken up by them.

As per information available with SLBC, the following projects are being undertaken by Banks. We also request Department of Industries to please explore the possibilities to invite the entrepreneurs of this field to HP and refer the proposals to Banks functioning in HP.

S. No	Name of Distillery Unit	Loan amount Recommended by DFPD (in Crore)	Capacity Creation (in Kilo Ltr Per Day)	Name of proposed Lending Bank
1	M/s Rangar Breweries Ltd, Distt. Una, Himachal Pradesh	76.12	60 (Expansion from 30 KLPD to 90 KLPD)	Not provided
2	Premier Alcobev Private Limited, Himachal Pradesh	82	200	State Bank Of India
3	Rana Sugars Limited, Chandigarh	50	200	UCO Bank, Sec 17, Chandigarh/ Kotak Mahindra Bank/IREDA
4	Dalpure Agrivet Private Limited, J&K	128.76	116	State Bank Of India, Asaf Ali Road, Delhi
5	Narsav Biopower Pvt. Ltd, J&K	45	30	Not Yet Finalized

4.12 ADVANCES GIVEN BY PRIMARY AGRICULTURE COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES (PACS) IN THE STATE:

The CD Ratio of the State is a regular concern. We have requested NABARD to assist us obtaining credit provided by Primary Agriculture Cooperative Societies so that it can be included in calculation of CD Ratio of the State.

The Deposit from the members of the PACS is kept with HPSCB/KCCB/JCCB the advances given from their own resources to these members are not included in the mainstream.

As we have not received any response from NABARD, we request NABARD Authorities to extend their cooperation otherwise the House may decide to drop the issue.

4.13. NATIONAL E GOVERNANCE SERVICES LTD.

NeSL is India's first Information Utility and is registered with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (IBBI) under the aegis of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC). The company has been set up by leading banks and public institutions. The primary role of NeSL is to serve as a repository of legal evidence holding the information pertaining to any debt/claim, as submitted by the financial or operational creditor and verified and authenticated by the parties to the debt.

NeSL works towards:

- Time-bound resolution by providing verified information to creditors and to Adjudicating Authorities that do not require further authentication.
- Default intimation to Creditors linked to a debtor when any creditor files a default against a debtor
- Mitigation of information asymmetry between parties to a debt
- Superior credit monitoring by creditors
- An agreed statement of outstanding balance between parties to a debt
- Facilitate all stakeholders of the IBC ecosystem by leveraging Information Technology to achieve objective of code.

4.14. FORMATION OF SUB-COMMITTEE FOR BANK CREDIT TO SC-STs

The SC-ST Chamber of Commerce and Industry (SSCCI) has requested SLBC for formation of a sub-committee for Bank Credit to SC-STs, for representing various challenges, issues, problems, difficulties, hurdles and concerns related to credit flow to SC-ST Entrepreneurs converting them into solutions, and to take flagship lending programs creating an ecosystem of converging Bank Credits with Multiple incentives of Himachal Pradesh Government and Government of India to Banks' field level Functionaries.

We have submitted a reply to the SC-ST Chamber of Commerce and Industry with a copy to RBI conveying that in SLBC Meeting we have a regular agenda item which is discussed in every SLBC Meeting to review the financial assistance provided to these categories. A report of the same is attached at page no. 104 of Agenda Papers.

The issue was discussed in Steering Committee and it was decided that the members of Steering Committee shall function as sub-committee for bank credit to SCs/STs.

The House may approve the proposition.

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AGENDA ITEM NO-5

5. Review of Performance under Annual Credit Plan 2021-22 – Progress up to period ended March, 2022.

The progress under Annual Credit Plan 2021-22 for the period ended December, 2021 has been reported by the Member Banks to the Convenor bank and consolidated position mentioned as below for review of the House.

In Annual Credit Plan (ACP) 2021-22, banks have planned to disburse fresh loans to the tune of Rs. 30538.21crores in the FY 2021-22 in Himachal Pradesh. As per the data submitted by member banks, total disbursements made by banks during FY 2021-22 aggregated to Rs. 30322.42 Crore as against the targets of Rs. 30538.21 Crores. Banks have recorded achievement of 99.29% of assigned targets in terms of financial outlay set up for the Financial Year in ACP 2021-22.

In terms of physical achievements under ACP 2021-22 during the period under review, banks have extended credit to **991992 new units** as against a target of **1015282 units** and thereby having achievement of **97.71%** of assigned targets for the FY 2021-22.

The sector-wise targets vis-à-vis achievements under ACP 2021-22 in the FY as mentioned hereunder:

ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER ANNUAL CREDIT PLAN (ACP) 2021-22 UP TO THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH, 2022 (01.04.2021 TO 31.03.2022)

5.1) FINANCIAL ACHIEVEMENT: -PRIORITY SECTOR CREDIT (PSC)

(Amt. in Crores)

S.	Sector/	Annual Targets	Achievement – period	%age Achievement –
No.	Activity	2021-22	ended March, 2022	period ended March, 2022
1	Agriculture	12253.73	8855.60	72.27
2	MSME	9542.44	10074.07	105.57
3	Education	480.74	77.72	16.17
4	Housing	1787.43	1044.98	58.46
5	Others –PS	1916.99	207.77	10.84
Tota	ll PS (1 TO 5)	25981.33	20260.14	77.98

(Please refer to Annx-21 to 30, page no-88 to 97)

5.2) FINANCIAL ACHIEVEMENT -NON PRIORITY SECTOR- (NPS)

(Amt. in Crores)

S. No.	Sector/ Activity	Annual Targets 2021-22	Achievement – period ended March, 2022	%age Achievement –period ended March, 2022
1	Agriculture	11.16	18.79	168.37
2	Education	208.10	16.33	7.85
3	Housing	559.35	718.17	128.39
4	Others	3778.27	9308.98	246.38
Total NPS (1+2+3+4)		Otal NPS (1+2+3+4) 4556.88		220.81
Grand Total (PS+NPS)		30538.21	30322.42	99.29

(Please refer Annx- 31& 32A, page no- 98 & 101)

5.3) PHYSICAL ACHIEVEMENT- PRIORITY SECTOR CREDIT (PS)

(In units)

S.	. Sector/Activity Annual T		Achievement – period	%age Achievement –
No.		2021-22	ended March, 2022	period ended March, 2022
1	Agri. –Direct	652139	559756	85.83
2	MSME	153193	198557	129.61
3	Education	14922	4099	27.47
4	Housing	23631	16771	70.97
5	Others –PS	61556	10380	16.86
Total PS (1 to 5)		905441	789563	87.20

(Please refer to Annx- 21 to 30, page no-88 to 97)

5.4) -PHYSICAL ACHIEVEMENT--NON PRIORITY SECTOR (NPS)

(In units)

S.	Sector/Activity	Annual Targets	Achievement – period	%age Achievement –
No.		2021-22	ended March, 2022	period ended March, 2022
1	Agriculture	1487	697	46.87
2	Education	2743	126	4.91
3	Housing	6250	5276	84.42
4	Others	99361	196330	197.59
5	Total NPS	al NPS 109841 202429		184.29
6	Total PS	905441	789563	87.20
Grand Total (PS+NPS)		1015282	991992	97.71

(Please refer to Annx- 31 & 32A, page no-98 & 101)

5.5)- FINANCIAL ACHIEVEMENT: - PROGRESS FROM DEC 2021 TO MARCH 2022 PRIORITY SECTOR CREDIT (PSC)

(Amt. in Crores)

S.	Sector/	Annual Targets	Achievement – period ended Dec,	Achievement – period ended		n March 2022, Dec, 2021
No.	Activity	2021-22	2021	March, 2022	Absolute	%age
1	Agriculture	12253.73	6321.98	8855.6	2533.62	40.08
2	MSME	9542.44	7091.41	10074.07	2982.66	42.06
3	Education	480.74	55.10	77.72	22.62	41.05
4	Housing	1787.43	721.38	1044.98	323.6	44.86
5	Others -PS	1916.99	174.10	207.77	33.67	19.34
Total PS (1 TO 5)		25981.33	14363.97	20260.14	5896.17	41.05

(Please refer to Annx-21 to 30, page no-88 to 97)

5.6)- FINANCIAL ACHIEVEMENT: - PROGRESS FROM DEC 2021 TO MARCH 2022 NON PRIORITY SECTOR (NPS)

(Amt. in Crores)

	(Time: in Clores)								
S.	Sector/	Sector/ Annual Targets Achievement - p Activity 2021-22 ended Dec, 2021		Achievement – period	Variation in March 2022, over Dec, 2021				
No.	Activity	2021-22	ended Dec, 2021	ended March, 2022	Absolute	%age			
1	Agriculture	11.16	74.88	18.79	-56.09	-74.91			
2	Education	208.1	12.3	16.33	4.03	32.76			
3	Housing	559.35	503.92	718.17	214.25	42.52			
4	Others	3778.27	6629.25	9308.98	2679.73	40.42			
Total NPS (1+2+3+4)		4556.88	7220.35	10062.27	2841.92	39.36			
Grand Total (PS+NPS)		30538.21	21584.66	30322.42	8737.76	40.48			

(Please refer Annx- 31& 32A, page no- 98 & 101)

5.7) AGENCY-WISE DISBURSEMENT UNDER ANNUAL CREDIT PLAN 2021-22 UP TO MARCH, 2022.

A) PRIORITY SECTOR LOANS -AGENCY-WISE

(Amount in Crores)

S. No.	Sector-wise performance	Agency-wi	Amount in Crores) Agency-wise Institutional Credit provided by Banks				
		PSBs	RRBs	Coop. Banks	Private Banks	TOTAL	
1	AGRICULTURE SECTOR	•					
A	Annual Target 2021-22	7001.85	1309.16	3250.36	692.36	12253.73	
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	4078.89	1609.62	2193.04	974.05	8855.60	
C	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	58.25	122.95	67.47	140.68	72.27	
2	MSME SECTOR						
A	Annual Target 2021-22	6390.08	815.15	1528.56	808.66	9542.45	
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	5241.14	1192.90	2110.05	1529.98	10074.07	
\mathbf{C}	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	82.02	146.34	138.04	189.20	105.57	
3	EDUCATION LOANS						
A	Annual Target 2021-22	307.07	30.55	105.52	37.60	480.74	
В	Achievements- Up to March, 2022	65.65	2.22	6.03	3.82	77.72	
C	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	21.38	7.27	5.71	10.16	16.17	
4	HOUSING LOANS						
A	Annual Target 2021-22	1210.96	122.95	297.02	156.50	1787.43	
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	556.92	129.58	339.66	18.81	1044.98	
С	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	45.99	105.39	114.36	12.02	58.46	
5	OPS UNDER PRIORITY SECTOR						
A	Annual Target 2021-22	1149.22	120.38	465.51	181.88	1916.99	
В	Achievements- Up to March, 2022	163.50	0	28.85	15.41	207.77	
D	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	14.23	0	6.20	8.47	10.84	
6	TOTAL PRIORITY SECTOR						
A	Annual Target 2021-22	16059.18	2398.19	5646.96	1877.01	25981.34	
В	Achievements- Up to March, 2022	10106.11	2934.32	4677.64	2542.07	20260.14	
\mathbf{C}	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	62.93	122.36	82.83	135.43	77.98	

(Please refer to Annx- 21 to 30, page no- 88 to 97)

B) NON PRIORTY SECTOR LOANS-AGENCY-WISE

(Amount in Crores)

1	NPS- AGRICULTURE LOANS					
A	Annual Target 2021-22	0.30	0.00	10.86	0.00	11.16
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	18.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.79
С	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	6263.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	168.32
2	NPS- EDUCATION LOANS					
A	Annual Target 2021-22	112.35	17.20	49.52	29.03	208.10

				-		
В	Achievements—Up to March, 2022	14.98	0.00	0.00	1.35	16.33
С	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	13.33	0.00	0.00	4.65	7.85
3	NPS-HOUSING LOANS				_	
A	Annual Target 2021-22	334.93	35.18	107.93	81.31	559.35
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	658.03	0.00	8.51	51.64	718.17
\mathbf{C}	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	196.47	0.00	7.88	63.52	128.39
4	NPS -OTHERS					
A	Annual Target 2021-22	2254.63	273.87	644.12	605.64	3778.26
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	4709.80	102.94	890.37	3605.86	9308.98
C	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	208.89	37.58	138.23	595.38	246.38
5	TOTAL NON PRIORITY SECTOR					
A	Annual Target 2021-22	2702.21	326.25	812.43	715.98	4556.87
В	Achievements– Up to March, 2022	5401.60	102.94	898.88	3658.86	10062.27
\mathbf{C}	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	199.90	31.55	110.64	511.03	220.82

(Please refer to Annx- 31 & 31A, Page 98 & 100)

C)	GRAND TOTAL FOR ALL SECTORS					
A	Annual Target 2021-22	18761.39	2724.44	6459.39	2592.99	30538.21
В	Achievements- Up to March, 2022	15507.71	3037.26	5576.52	6200.93	30322.42
С	%-Achievement- Up to March, 2022	82.66	111.48	86.33	239.14	99.29

(Please refer to Annx-29 & 31A at page-96 & 100)

5.8): Observations/ comments on achievements up to March, 2022 under Annual Credit Plan (ACP) 2021-22

- a) During the FY 2021-22, banks have disbursed fresh loans to the tune of Rs. 30322.42 crore to total 991992 new units. The achievement against the targets set for quarter ended March, 2022 registered at 99.29%.
- b) In the <u>Priority Sector segments</u>, Banks have disbursed fresh credit of Rs. 20260.14 crores and achieved 77.98% of the assigned targets for the FY 2021-22.
- c) In Non Priority Sector (NPS) segments, Banks have made fresh loans to the tune of Rs. 10062.27 crores as against the set target of Rs. 4556.88 crores and recorded achievement of 228.82%.
- d) In <u>Agriculture Sector</u>- Banks have made fresh credit disbursements of **Rs. 8855.60** crores as against the target of **Rs. 12253.73** crores having achievement of **72.27%** of the assigned targets.
- e) In <u>MSME Sector</u>- Banks have fresh credit disbursements of **Rs. 10074.07 crores** as against the target of **Rs. 9542.45 crores**. Banks have recorded achievement of **105.47%** which is quite good.

- f) Achievement under **Housing loans** was **58.46%** of targets and banks have disbursed fresh housing loans to the tune of **Rs. 1044.98 crores** up to March, 2022.
- g) Achievement under **Education loans** was **16.17%** of targets and banks have disbursed fresh education loans to the tune of **Rs. 77.72 crores** up to March, 2022.
- h) The Agency-wise (i.e. PSB/RRB/Private Banks /Coop Banks) overall achievement under Annual Credit Plan (ACP) 2021-22 up to March, 2022 indicates that Public Sector banks (PSB) have overall achievement of 82.66%, RRB- 111.48%, Cooperative Sector Banks- 86.33% and Private Banks 239.14%.
- i) The **overall performance of 99.29%** as against the targets assigned for the Financial Year under ACP 2021-22 is quite satisfactory.

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF BANKS UNDER ACP 2021-22

i) Total Priority Sector:

Following banks have less than 40% achievement in Total Priority sector:

S. No.	Bank	%age
1.	Bank of Maharashtra	26.64
2.	Canara Bank	29.65
3.	Indian Bank	31.99
4.	Indian Overseas Bank	10.05
5.	Punjab & Sind	11.38
6.	Bandhan bank	30.76
7.	Catholic Syrian Bank	1.81
8.	IDBI Bank	36.68
9.	J & K	38.05
10.	South Indian Bank	11.19
11.	RBL Bank	16.70
12.	HP ARDB	29.04
13.	The Baghat Urban Cooperative Bank Ltd	8.74
14.	The Chamba Urban Cooperative Bank Ltd	34.63
15.	The Mandi Urban Cooperative Bank Ltd	4.81
16.	The Shimla Urban Cooperative Bank Ltd	20.71

(Please refer to Annx- 29 at Page 96)

ii) Total Non-Priority Sector:

Following banks have less than 40% achievement in Total Non-Priority sector:

S. No.	Bank	%age
1.	Indian Overseas Bk.	33.34
2.	RBL BANK	0.09
3.	HP Gramin Bank	31.55
4.	Kangra Cental Coop. Bank	27.54
5.	HP ARDB	0
6.	The Parwanoo Urban Cooperative Bank Ltd	36.12
7.	Ujjivan Small Finance Bank	23.46

(Please refer to Annx-31A at Page 100)

iii) Overall ACP Achievement:

Following banks have less than 40% achievement in targets allotted under ACP 2021-22:

S. No.	Bank	%age
1.	Bank of Maharashtra	31.78
2.	Indian Overseas Bk.	15.34
3.	Catholic Syrian Bank	14
4.	IDBI Bank	39.61
5.	RBL BANK	12.45
6.	HP ARDB	28.81
7.	The Mandi Urban Cooperative Bank Ltd	23.41

DISBURSEMENTS UNDER CROP LOAN SCHEME UP TO MARCH, 2022

Banks have target of **Rs. 7578.20 crore** under the Crop loan Scheme for Financial Year 2021-22. Annual target for crop loans is around 60% of total financial outlay of **Rs. 12253.73 crores** projected in overall Agriculture sector for fresh credit disbursements in ACP 2021-22.

Banks have disbursed Rs. 7296.17 crore and recorded achievement of 6.28% of the assigned targets in the crop loan disbursements up to March, 2022 of ACP 2021-22.

AGENDA ITEM NO.6

6) REVIEW OF STATISTICAL BANKING DATA AS OF 31st MARCH, 2022

6.1) COMPARATIVE BANKING KEY INDICATORS AS OF 31st MARCH, 2022

- A) The <u>total banking business</u> has grown at Y-o-Y growth rate of **7.60%** with aggregate banking business amounting to **Rs.213708.43** crore as of 31st March, 2022. In absolute term, the total business has grown by **Rs.15086.42** crore over the quarter ended March, 2021 (**Rs.198622.01** crore in March, 2021).
- B) The <u>total deposits</u> in banking sector have grown to **Rs.154984.15** crore with Y-o-Y growth of **9.62**%. In absolute term, the total Deposits have grown by **Rs.13605.13** crore over the quarter ended March, 2021 (**Rs.141379.02** crore in March, 2021).
- C) Banks have <u>total loans & advances</u> to the tune of Rs. 58724.28 crores in quarter ended March, 2022 with Y-o-Y growth rate of 2.59%. The Loans & advances have increased from the quarter ended March, 2021.

(Amt in crores)

1 Deposit PP Rural Urban/SU Total-Deposit 2 Advances (Orall Bural) Urban/SU Outside Cree	7662 5087 its 1274 /S) 3228 2271 dit		87967.13 53411.89 141379.02 31766.85	91976.50 63007.65 154984.15	Absolute 4009.37 9595.76 13605.13	%age 4.56 17.97 9.62
Urban/SU Total-Deposi 2 Advances (O/Rural Urban/SU	5087 its 1274 /S) 3228 2271 dit	70.90 93.58 9.86	53411.89 141379.02	63007.65 154984.15	9595.76	17.97
Total-Deposition 2 Advances (O/Rural Urban/SU	its 1274 /S) 3228 2271 dit	9.86	141379.02	154984.15		
2 Advances (O/Rural Urban/SU	/S) 3228 2271 dit	9.86			13605.13	9.62
Rural Urban/SU	3228 2271 dit		31766.85			
Urban/SU	2271 dit		31766.85			Ì
	dit	5.16		30945.29	-821.56	-2.59
Outside Cred			25476.14	23369.49	-2106.65	-8.27
O diblide of co				4409.50		
Total-Advance	\cos 5500	5.02	57242.99	58724.28	1481.29	2.59
3 Total Banking Bu (Dep + Adv	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	98.60	198622.01	213708.43	15086.42	7.60
4 RIDF		9.37	2964.61	3161.15	196.54	6.63
5 CD RATIO (As p	// //	5.30	42.59	39.93	-2.66	-6.25
6 Priority Sector Ad (O/S) of which u	271	53.23	31805.85	32608.28	802.43	2.52
I) Agricultu	re 1012	23.34	9589.96	10450.18	860.22	8.97
ii) MSME	1316	63.33	13697.18	15457.74	1760.56	12.85
iii) OPS	886	6.56	8518.71	6700.36	-1818.35	-21.35
7 Weaker Section	Advs. 1286	68.99	10877.30	10545.55	-331.75	-3.05
8 DRI Advanc	ee 6.	.44	3.33	6.14	2.81	84.38
9 Non Priority Sec	e. Adv. 2288	51.79	25437.14	21706.32	-3730.82	-14.67
10 No. of Branch	nes 21	194	2195	2245	50	2.28
11 Advances to Wo	omen 436	1.43	6452.53	5836.52	-616.01	-9.55
12 Credit to Minor	rities 604	4.61	646.12	875.05	228.93	35.43
13 Advances to SC	s/STs 301	1.21	2590.77	3130.29	539.52	20.82

(For Bank-wise details, please refer to page no 109-125)

6.2) Review of Banking Sector Performance in Key business parameters in Himachal Pradesh as of 31st March, 2022.

- A) The <u>total banking business</u> has grown from last quarter by Rs. 7535.21 Crore with aggregate business amounting to Rs. 213708.43 Crore in quarter ended March, 2022 (Rs. 206173.22 Crore in Dec, 2021)
- B) The <u>total Loans & Advances</u> has grown from last quarter by Rs. 2191.91 Crore with total advances amounting to Rs. 58724.28 Crore in quarter ended March, 2022 (Rs. 56532.37 Crore in Dec. 2021)
- C) The <u>total Deposit</u> has grown from last quarter by Rs. 5343.30 Crore with total Deposit amounting to Rs. 154984.15 Crore in quarter ended March, 2022 (Rs. 149640.85 Crore in Dec. 2021)

(Amt in crores)

S. No.	Item	30.09.2021	31.12.2021	31.03.2022	Variation in March,2022 over December, 2021 (Q-o-Q)	
1	Deposit PPD				Absolute	%age
	Rural	90648.39	90910.46	91976.5	1066.04	1.17
	Urban/SU	59439.96	58730.57	63007.65	4277.08	7.28
	Total-Deposits	150088.35	149640.85	154984.15	5343.3	3.57
2	Advances (O/S)					
	Rural	28196.62	29404.62	30945.29	1540.67	5.24
	Urban/SU	26226.32	22621.75	23369.49	747.74	3.31
	Outside Credit		4505.99	4409.5	-96.49	-2.14
	Total-Advances	54422.94	56532.37	58724.28	2191.91	3.88
3	Total Banking Business (Dep + Adv)	204511.29	206173.22	213708.43	7535.21	3.65
4	RIDF	3033	3027.38	3161.15	133.77	4.42
5	CD RATIO (As per RBI recommendation)	38.28	39.8	39.93	0.13	0.33
6	Priority Sector Advances (O/S) of which under:	29749.13	31204.46	32608.28	1403.82	4.50
	I) Agriculture	9627.44	9932.61	10450.18	517.57	5.21
	ii) MSME	13656.09	14639.08	15457.74	818.66	5.59
	iii) OPS	6465.6	6632.75	6700.36	67.61	1.02
7	Weaker Section Advs.	8840.66	11246.38	10545.55	-700.83	-6.23
8	DRI Advance	17.09	5.63	6.14	0.51	9.06
9	Non Priority Sec. Adv.	19996.25	20821.93	21706.32	884.39	4.25
10	No. of Branches	2244	2228	2245	17	0.76
11	Advances to Women	5221.49	5497.19	5836.52	339.33	6.17
12	Credit to Minorities	842.42	845.44	875.05	29.61	3.50
13	Advances to SCs/STs	1782.4	2796.03	3130.29	334.26	11.95

(For Bank-wise details, please refer to page no 109-125)

6.3) CREDIT DEPOSIT RATIO (CDR):

Overall CD ratio in the State:

The overall Credit Deposit Ratio (based on instructions from RBI) in the State stood at 39.93% as of 31st March, 2022 as per details mentioned below:

(Amt in crores)

Components	As of 31st March, 2022
Advances from Banks (within State)	54314.78
Advances from Banks (utilized in the State but sanctioned from outside the State)	4409.50
RIDF (Bal. outstanding at the end of Qtr- March, 2022)	3161.15
Total- Credit (1+2+3)	61885.43
Total Deposits	154984.15
Credit Deposit ratio (%)	39.93%
	Advances from Banks (within State) Advances from Banks (utilized in the State but sanctioned from outside the State) RIDF (Bal. outstanding at the end of Qtr- March, 2022) Total- Credit (1+2+3) Total Deposits

- I) Banks have overall CD ratio (as per instructions from RBI) of **39.93%** in Himachal Pradesh as of **March, 2022.** The CDR has witnessed increase of 13 basis point over the quarter ended Dec, 2021 (**39.80%** in Dec, 2021).
 - Bank-wise position of CDR: Based on the information received from member banks, the domestic Credit Deposit Ratio (CDR) arrived at 35.05% in quarter ended March, 2022. (Bank-wise position mentioned at Annx-5, page no- 111) The data reveals that few of the member Banks as mentioned below are having poor CDR in March, 2022 and their position is almost static having persistently very poor CDR below 20%:

S No.	Name of Bank	CD Ratio
1.	Indian Overseas Bank	17.88
2.	Bandhan Bank	1.51
3.	IDFC First Bank	2.48
4.	RBL Bank	0.34
5.	South Indian Bank	11.16
6.	Equitas Small Finance Bank	0.00
7.	Ujjivan Small Finance Bank	6.18

The District-wise CDR position in twelve districts as of March, 2022 mentioned as below;

S. No	Districts	June, 2021	Sept, 2021	Dec, 2021	March, 2022	Remarks
1	Bilaspur	25.18	24.48	23.20	25.86	Critically low CD ratio
2	Chamba	27.20	27.64	29.54	29.09	Critically low CD ratio
3	Hamirpur	20.40	18.67	21.00	22.40	Critically low CD ratio
4	Kangra	23.41	21.70	23.56	23.85	Critically low CD ratio
5	Kinnaur	37.92	39.17	39.02	41.73	Critically low CD ratio
6	Kullu	42.60	39.31	42.15	43.44	
7	L & S	21.23	18.88	22.69	23.02	Critically low CD ratio
8	Mandi	24.01	24.41	25.80	26.26	Critically low CD ratio
9	Shimla	42.28	38.20	40.11	37.18	
10	Sirmaur	62.99	61.82	65.60	68.02	
11	Solan	61.74	57.87	64.33	66.71	
12	Una	29.10	25.98	30.12	30.63	Critically low CD ratio
	State	34.42	33.19	34.77	35.05	

(Source: Data reported By Banks)

Observations:

I) Eight districts namely Bilaspur, Chamba, Hamirpur, Kangra, Lahaul & Spiti, Mandi, Shimla and Una have persistently <u>critically low CDR</u> below 40%. The issue of low CD ratio in districts mentioned above needs immediate attention of DLCC for <u>review the position of low CD ratio in Special Sub Committee (SSC) of DLCC</u>. The SCC in each district is requested to hold the meeting under the chairmanship of District Administration to prepare Monitorable Action Plan (MAP) and monitor the progress at the short intervals to achieve sustainable growth in CDR in a phased manner.

LDMs may apprise the House on the status of holding of meeting of Special Sub Committee (SSC) on CDR in their district and the important observations made by the SSC for improvement in CD ratio.

II) Strategy and Action Points for improving CDR:

The coordinated efforts by the stakeholders may bring improvement in CD ratio in the State. Special drive is needed for large size credit proposals by Banks on one hand and a conducive environment for infrastructural growth and development on the other hand. Credit expansion by banks in the preferred sectors/ activities mentioned below may improve the position of CDR to great extent.

- i) Banks to focus on increased flow in agriculture sector preferably in allied activities especially in Dairy & Dairy Products, Poultry, Food processing units etc. in a big way.
- ii) Banks to ensure achievement of allocated targets fixed under the various governments sponsored scheme i.e. PMEGP, NULM, NRLM with special thrust on MSME sector including financing under MUDRA scheme and Standup India Scheme. Recently launched Mukhya Mantri Swablamban Yojana in MSME sector will facilitate improvement in CDR.
- iii) Special thrust should be paid on bank lending to projects related to Tourism and Hydel Projects. State has big potential of small sized Hydel Power projects in Shimla, Kullu, Mandi and Chamba districts.

iv) Achieving the targets set under the Annual Credit Plan by all the Banks. Government would be providing infrastructural support for creating conducive environment for smooth credit off take in the State.

During the 160th SLBC Meeting, ACS Finance, has asked to submit him a study report showing CD Ratio movements in the State for last 5 years. We have prepared the report which is appended below for information of the House.

YEAR ENDING	TOTAL DEPOSIT	ADVANCES (WITHIN STATE)	OUTSIDE FINANCING		ADVANCES ALL INCLUSIVE	CD RATIO ALL INCLUSIVE
31.12.1972	40	6				15.00%
31.12.1982	306	131				42.81%
31.03.1992	2044	764				37.38%
31.03.2002	11128	3238				29.10%
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1		
31.03.2010	32478.54	15346.4				
31.03.2011	42812.82	19502.08	9340.65		28842.73	67.37%
31.03.2012	49194.18	22146.25	9919.31	5.83%	32065.56	65.18%
31.03.2013	57995.12	23825.55	13386.85	25.90%	37212.4	64.16%
31.03.2014	65809.72	27327.65	12363.13	-8.28%	39690.78	60.31%
31.03.2015	75910.92	30343.52	14476.54	14.60%	44820.06	59.04%
31.03.2016	85203.62	32938.17	14919.59	2.97%	47857.76	56.17%
31.03.2017	99872.69	34771.94	10287.87	-45.02%	45059.81	45.12%
31.03.2018	105667.2	37480.6	9875.16	-4.18%	47355.76	44.82%
31.03.2019	116946.7	41825.82	11289.09	12.52%	53114.91	45.42%
31.03.2020	127493.6	45880.96	11873.43	4.92%	57754.39	45.30%
31.03.2021	141379	49014.18	11193.42	-6.08%	60207.6	42.59%

COM	MENTS BASED ON THE ABOVE DATA:
For a	analysis purpose, we have considered the real CD Ratio, i.e. the amount invested by
Bank	s in HP State. All other funds i.e. RIDF, investments from outside in the State have
been	ignored. We have tried to find out the Deposit and Advances from 31.03.2010 has been
consid	dered for analysis.
1	Over the years, total deposit increased by 335.30% whereas advances increased only
	219.39%
2	Average increase in deposits from 31.03.2010 has been Rs.9075 Crores per annum
	whereas advances on average terms increased only by Rs.2806 Crores per annum.
3	Over the 11 years period loans under Priority Sector increased 222.80%, out of which
	Agriculture loans increased 158.97%, MSE 267.79%, OPS at 251.15% and Non-Priority
	Sector 213.27%. The increased in Agriculture Sector remained the lowest one.
4	In the year 2010, percentage of Agriculture Advances to total advances was 24.13%
	which over the years decreased to 19.57%. Similarly, the share of MSE advances to
	total advances was 24.27% which increased to 27.95%. Advances to Other Priority
	Sector also increased from 15.81% to 17.38%. Advances under Non-Priority Sector
	showed a percentage to total advances on 31.03.2010 at 35.79% to 35.11% on
	31.03.2021.
5	The CD ratio as on 31.03.2010 was 47.25% which reduced to 34.67% as on 31.03.2021
	due to continuous fall in the credit off-take. As mentioned in point No.2, the deposit
	increased by Rs.9075 Crores per annum whereas the loans increased only by Rs.2806
	Crores annually.

6	There are three major sectors for credit off-take under Priority Sector i.e. Agriculture,
	MSE and OPS. Out of the three segments, agriculture scored the lowest growth i.e.
	158.97% as mentioned in Point No.3 above. It indicates reduced inclination towards
	agricultural activities in the State. The ratio indicates that people have preferred
	micro, small and medium enterprises under Industrial/Business Activities which
	showed highest growth of 267.79% during the period under analysis.
7	The percentage of Priority Sector to Total Advances as on 31.03.2010 was 64.21%,
	which is almost stagnant over the 11 years as it is 64.89% as on 31.03.2021. The
	highest ratio during the decade remained at 75.33% as on 31.03.2019 and lowest
	63.43% as on 31.03.2011.
	The New-Description Contagnation and a second total Advances in 25 700/ on an 21 02 2010 which
	The Non-Priority Sector share against total Advances is 35.79% as on 31.03.2010 which
	is also near about the same figure i.e. 35.11% as on 31.03.2021. The highest ratio was
	36.57% as on 31.03.2011 whereas it was lowest as on 31.03.2019 at 24.67%.
8	Funds from outside are also invested in the State. As on 31.03.2011, 47.90% of funds
	were invested in the State from outside sources. With the passage of time, it has
	reduced to 22.84% as on 31.03.2021. The CD ratio calculated after adding outside funds
	was 67.37% as on 31.03.2011, but it has also reduced to 42.59% as on 31.03.2021. It
	shows that the demand of funds from outside is also decreasing year by year.
9	From the percentage of share of advances it appears that the consumers are almost
	stagnant. Under PS, it was 64.21% on 31.03.2010 but as on 31.03.2021 it is 64.89%.
	Similarly, under NPS, as on 31.03.2010 the advances share was 35.79% and as on
	31.03.2021 it is 35.11%.

The House may review the position.

6.4): National Parameters (NP)

POSITION OF NATIONAL PARAMETERS IN BANKING BUSINESS IN HIMACHAL PRADESH AS OF $31^{\rm st}$ MARCH, 2022.

S No	Sector	March, 2020	March, 2021	March,2022	National Parameter
1	Priority sector Advances (of total Advances)	58.46	55.56	60.04	40%
2	Agriculture Advances (of total Advances)	18.40	16.75	19.24	18%
3	Advances to Small & Marginal Farmers (of total Advances)	11.43	12.90	14.73	9%
4	Advances to Micro Enterprises (of total Advances)	10.93	11.36	12.94	7.5%
5	Advances to Weaker Sections (of total Advances)	23.40	19.00	19.42	11%
6	Advances to Women (of total Advances)	7.93	11.27	10.75	5%
7	Advances under DRI scheme (of total Advances)	0.01	0.01	0.01	-
8	C.D. Ratio	45.30	42.59	39.93	60%
9	MSME Advances (of total P.S. Credit)	40.94	43.06	47.40	-
10	Advances to SC/ST (of total P.S. Credit)	9.36	8.14	9.60	-
11	Advances to Minorities (of total P.S. Credit)	1.88	2.03	2.68	-

(*NA-Not Available)

- Banks have achieved six out of seven important National Parameters (NPs) set up by RBI. The parameter of attainment of benchmark CD ratio of 60% could not be achieved for the period under review.
- The **Priority Sector lending** has a share of **60.04%** of total advances as against the National parameter (NP) set by RBI at 40%.

The achievement of below mentioned Banks is below the National Parameter of 40 % under Priority Sector.

- 1. ICICI Bank, 2. Catholic Syrian Bank, 3. South Indian Bank, 4. Shimla Urban Cooperative Bank
- Agriculture sector lending have a share of 19.24% of total Advances.

Among **major Banks** in the Bank of Baroda (7.39), SBI (9.26%) and Canara Bank (7.90%) have failed to achieve minimum 18% financing under Agriculture sector.

In addition, the achievement of below mentioned Banks is also below the National Parameter of 18 % under Agriculture Sector.

- 1. Bank of India, 2. Bank of Maharashtra, 3. Indian Bank, 4. Indian Overseas Bank, 5. Punjab and Sind Bank, 6. Union Bank of India.
- Amongst the Private Sector Banks, except HDFC Bank, RBL Bank, AU Small Finance Bank, Ujjivan Small Finance Bank & Utkarsh Small Finance Bank, all others are below the National Parameter of 18% under Agriculture.
- Also, advances to Small and Marginal Farmers stand at 14.73% of the total advances. The related information is being collected on a quarterly basis from the member Banks.
- Advances to Micro Enterprises amount to 12.94% of the outstanding advances as of 31.03.2022 which is above the national parameter of **7.5%**.
- Similarly the achievement of **19.42%** in **Lending to Weaker sections** for the period under review, is above the NP of 10%
- The share of **advances to Women** in total advances is **10.75%** and it is above the NP of 5% set by RBI.

The House may review the performance under National Parameters and give suggestions.

6.5): BRANCH EXPANSION IN HIMACHAL PRADESH AS OF 31st March, 2022.

(For bank-wise details please refer to Annx-01, page no-109)

Banks have opened 9 new branches during the quarter ended March, 2022. The details of newly opened bank branch are mentioned below for information of the House.

NE	NEW BANK BRANCHES OPENED BY MEMBER BANKS IN HP DURING THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2022(01.01.2022 to 31.03.2022)									
S.No	S.No Bank Date of Name of Whether District Banked/Unbanked Centre									
1.	UCO Bank	01.02.2022	Plassi	Rural	Mandi	Banked				
2.	Bank of Maharashtra	28.03.2022	Kullu	SU	Kullu	Banked				
3.	Uttkasrh Small Finance Bank	28.03.2022	Kangra	SU	Kangra	Banked				

All member Banks have total 2228 branches in the State as of 31.12.2021. Nearly 77% branches are located in rural areas. But still there is a gap in providing banking services in remote areas and Banks are deploying the Business Correspondents Agents (BCAs) in the unbanked areas to fill the gap. All member banks are requested to give thrust on deployment of BC in unbanked areas, where opening of Brick & Mortar branches is not feasible for banks.

ATM NETWORK IN HIMACHAL PRADESH-

Position as of quarter ended March, 2021 is as below:

- ♦ Banks have total **2086 ATMs** operational in the State.
- ◆ PSBs have total 1488 ATMs and having Branch network of 1154.
- ♦ H P Gramin Bank (RRB) doesn't have its own ATM and presently utilizing the ATM services of Sponsor Bank i. e. PNB.
- Private sector Banks have total 366 ATMs as against the branch network of 196 up to the guarter ended March, 2022.
- ♦ Small Finance Banks have 19 branches and 6 ATMs operational in the State.
- ♦ Post Payment Banks have branch network of 13.
- ♦ Cooperative Sector Banks i.e. HPSCB, JCCB, KCCB and Urban Coop. Banks have total 215 ATMs and Branch Network is 571. Coop sector Banks are requested to pay focused attention for improving the Branch to ATM ratio.

(Bank-wise and District-wise branch Network/ATMs mentioned in Annx-1, page no-109)

The position of "Banking Outreach" in Himachal Pradesh as of 31st March, 2022:

S. No.	Position	Status as of Dec, 2021	Status as of March, 2022
1	Total number of branches	2228	2245
2	Total number of Rural branches	1718	1736
3	Total number of Semi Urban branches	402	411
4	Total number of Urban branches	108	98
5	Total CBS branches	2147	2147
6	Total Non CBS Branches (HPARDB)	81	81
7	ATMs installed by Banks	2060	2086
8	Branches dealing in foreign business	10	10
9	Branches having currency chest	45	45
10	Branches dealing Treasury Business	108	108
11	Branches having Clearing Houses	47	47
12	Branches having Extension counters	40	40
13	Branches specified SME	46	46
14	Branches specified USB	0	0
15	Branches having BC model	8134	8691

6.6) PRIORITY SECTOR ADVANCES IN HP AS OF 31st March, 2022.

(At a Glance for information of the House)

	Sı	ımmary as of	March, 2021	
S. No.	Particulars	No. of Accounts	Amount (in crores)	% of Total advances (in terms of financial outlay)
A	Agriculture Loans	593863	10450.18	19.24%
	of which	460906	0169 00	
	i) Crop loan	469896	8163.28	
	ii) Term Loan	115173	1751.97	
	iii) Other Agri	8794	534.94	
В	MSME Loans	250115	15457.74	28.46%
	of which: Micro- Manuf & services	207337	7030.48	
	Small Manuf& services	23476	5159.48	
	Medium (Manf. & Services)	1928	1783.13	
	Other MSME	17374	1484.65	
\mathbf{C}	Other Priority Sector	125117	6700.36	12.75%
	Housing loan	81657	5786.70	
	Education Loan	13135	429.55	
	Social infrastructure	13600	88.11	
	Others	16725	396.00	
D	Total Priority Sector Advances (A+B+C)-(PS)	969095	32608.28	60.04
Е	Total Non Priority Sector (NPS)	539964	21706.32	39.96
F	Total Advances	1509059	54314.60	100.00%

The House may review the position.

AGENDA ITEM NO. 7

7. Review of Recovery Performance of Banks in Himachal Pradesh.

7.1) BROAD SECTOR WISE RECOVERY/ OVERDUES/NPA POSITION AS OF 31st MARCH, 2022

(Amt. in Crores)

S. No	Sector	Outstanding	NPAs	NPA %age
1	Agriculture	10450.18	972.89	9.31
2	MSME	15457.74	2185.00	14.14
3	Other Priority Sector	6700.36	705.20	10.52
A	Total Priority Sector Advances (1 to 3)	32608.28	3863.09	11.85
В	Total Non Priority Sector Advances.	21706.32	745.49	3.43
С	Grand Total (A+B)	54314.60	4608.58	8.48

(For bank-wise details, please refer to Annx- 35 to 36A, Page no- 126-131)

7.2) GOVT. SPONSORED SCHEME WISE RECOVERY/ OVERDUES/NPA POSITION AS OF 31st March, 2022

(Amt. in Crores)

S. No.	Sector	Outstanding	NPAs	NPA-%age
1	SGSY/NRLM	119.80	4.09	3.41
2	PMEGP	213.53	20.42	9.56
3	SJSRY/NULM	13.13	1.64	12.49
4	STAND UP INDIA	165.15	15.69	9.50
5	MUDRA	2678.42	330.38	12.33

(For Bank-wise details, Please refer to Annx-39 & 39A, page no-132 & 133)

7.3) Agency-wise Recovery Position as of 31st March, 2022.

(Amt in Crores)

S. No	Agency	Outstanding	NPAs	NPA-%age
1	Public Sector Banks	30859.25	2057.86	6.67
2	RRBs	2804.56	166.88	5.95
3	Cooperative Banks	13071.47	2226.68	17.03
4	Private Banks	7579.50	157.47	2.08
	TOTAL	54314.78	4608.88	8.49

(For Bank-wise details please refer Annx-35 to 36A at page no-126-131)

7.4) Sector-wise NPA position as of 31st March, 2022 in Himachal Pradesh.

(Amount in Crores)

	7.4 Sector Wise NPA position as of 31.03.2022 in Himachal Pradesh												
				NPA as of	Variation	Variation	%	%					
S.		NPA as of	NPA as of	March	over Dec	over Sept	Variation	Variation					
No	Sector	Sept, 2021	$\mathrm{Dec}\ 2021$	2022	2020	2021	Y-O-Y	Q-O-Q					
1	Agriculture	966.60	910.57	972.89	6.29	62.32	0.65	6.84					
2	MSME	2198.79	2198.52	2185.00	-13.79	-13.52	-0.63	-0.61					
3	Other PS	658.60	719.66	705.20	46.6	-14.46	7.08	-2.01					
4	NPS	801.90	787.26	745.49	-56.41	-41.77	-7.03	-5.31					
	Total	4625.89	4616.01	4608.58	-17.31	-7.43	-0.37	-0.16					

(For Bank-wise details please refer to Annx-35 to 36A at page no-126-131)

Observations:

- ◆ The Non Performing Assets (NPAs) ratio of Banks in the State recorded at 8.48% and in absolute term, NPAs have reached to Rs. 4608.58 crore in the quarter ended March, 2022. The NPAs in the State has decreased by Rs. 7.43 crores in comparison to that in quarter ended Dec, 2021 (Rs. 4616.01 crore in Dec, 2021)
- ♦ Banks have to pay focused attention on increasing the lending in the State to bring down the NPA ratio and further banks have to stimulate the recovery efforts to curve down the growing NPAs.
- ◆ In <u>sector wise position</u> of NPAs, <u>MSME sector has highest NPA ratio of 14.14%</u>. In <u>agriculture sector NPA Ratio reached 9.31%</u> and growing NPAs in priority sector is a serious concern. House may deliberate on the action points to arrest the growth in NPAs.
- ◆ In <u>agency-wise position of NPAs</u>, <u>Co-op Banks have the highest level of NPAs of 17.03%</u>. Among the Coop sector Banks, HP State Coop. Bank has NPA ratio of 8.68%. Abnormal increase in NPA has been reported by Kangra Central Coop Bank (29.17%), HPARDB (34.28%) and Bhagat Urban Coop. Bank (28.80%) in March Quarter. Cooperative Banks have to strengthen the recovery drives to <u>prevent further slippage in the NPAs</u>.
- ♦ Comparative Position of NPA over Dec, 2021 to March, 2022
 - ◆ The NPA in PSBs increased from 6.48% to 6.67% (net 0.19%) and in absolute terms it increased from Rs. 1907.42 Cr. to Rs. 2057.86 Cr (Rs.150.44Cr.)
 - ♦ NPA in RRB decreased from 6.37% to 5.95% and in absolute terms there was no change in NPA from Dec, 2021.
 - ♦ NPA in Cooperative Sector Banks decreased from 17.86% to 16.51% (Net -1.35%) and in absolute terms from Rs.2155.03 Cr to Rs.2035.17 Cr. (Net Rs.119.86 Cr.) The ARDB has highest NPA at 34.28%, followed by Kangra Central Coop. Bank at 29.17%.
 - ◆ NPA in Private Sector Banks decreased from 2.58% to 2.15% (Net -0.43%) and in absolute terms decreased from Rs.171.67 Cr to Rs. 151.60 (Net Rs.20.07 Cr.).
 - ♦ NPA in Urban Cooperative Banks decreased from 27.36% to 25.83% (Net -1.53%) and in absolute terms it decreased from Rs.209.29 Cr to Rs.191.51 Cr (Net Rs.17.78 Cr.). The Baghat Urban Coop Bank reported highest NPA at 28.80% in Urban Coop Banks Sector.
 - ♦ NPA in Small Finance Banks decreased from 1.23% to 1.09% (Net -0.14%) and in absolute terms it increased from Rs.5.72 Cr to Rs.5.87 (Net Rs.0.15 Cr).
 - ◆ Total NPA has decreases from 8.87% to 8.48% (Net 0.39%) and in absolute terms it decreased from Rs.4616.01 to Rs.4608.58 Cr (Net Rs.7.43 Cr).

The House may review the position.

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AGENDA ITEM NO.8

8) Review of Progress under Non Sponsored Programmes (NSP) – Quarter ended March, 2022.

8.1) FINANCING UNDER KISAN CREDIT CARD (KCC) SCHEME:

Based on the guidelines/ instructions/ directives received from Govt. of India, Ministry of Finance, NABARD and RBI from time to time, **Banks are implementing Kisan Credit Cards (KCC) through their rural branches** to provide adequate and timely credit support from the banking system under a single window to the farmers to meet the short term credit requirements for **cultivation of crops** and **other needs**. **Under the Scheme**, **farmers are being financed for the activities like**;

- To meet the short term credit requirements for cultivation of crops.
- Post harvest expenses.
- Produce Marketing loan.
- Consumption requirements of farmers household.
- Working Capital for maintenance of farm assets and activities allied to agriculture, like dairy animals, inland fishery etc
- Investment credit requirement for agriculture and allied activities like pump sets, sprayers, dairy animals etc.

All KCC holders should necessarily be issued Rupay KCC Cards (Plastic Cards) in lieu of passbook based KCC to withdraw their drawing limit through ATM/PoS etc.

The district-wise position under KCC scheme up to the quarter ended March, 2022 as reported by Banks placed as below for review of the House.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S.	District	Total No. of		(Fresh +	Position	of KCCs	% of
No		Farmers in the		ring the		_	farmers
		District (LDM	. •			inches as of	coverage
		obtained position	(01.01.2022 to 31	03.2022)	31.03.202	22	
		from District					
		Authorities)					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		No.	No	Amount	No	Amount	%age
1	Bilaspur	57422	10872	27160.86	25479	26163.96	44
2	Chamba	70630	5739	15712.54	17948	19644.28	25
3	Hamirpur	54097	5999	8201.09	34972	27485.37	65
4	Kangra	235000	13779	22691.71	74427	80840.69	32
5	Kinnaur	10507	6394	16765.98	10721	27449.46	102
6	Kullu	74000	9140	39565.54	34858	91616.56	47
7	Lahaul& Spiti	6303	1661	8024.93	4071	9242.09	65
8	Mandi	154362	31095	53936.28	67618	110464.8	44
9	Shimla	110005	37282	143554.94	77228	238794.93	70
10	Sirmaur	50400	12821	28391.69	27819	50099.41	55
11	Solan	50973	8111	23788.39	30368	59160.72	60
12	Una	62710	5050	10230.57	30722	36956.57	49
	Total	936409	147943	398024.52	436231	777918.84	47

Comment:

- 1) The figure of total number of farmers i.e. 936409 as obtained by LDMs from District level Authorities.
- 2) Banks have issued total 147943 KCCs as new KCCs as well as renewal of the existing KCC amounting to total disbursements of Rs. 3980.25 Crore during the quarter ended March, 2022.
- 3) The cumulative position indicates that banks have issued total 436231 KCC and having cumulative disbursement of Rs. 7779.19 Crore as of 31.03.2022.
- 4) Banks have issued total no. of 189038 KCC Rupay Cards to the Farmers.
- 5) On comparing the information related to KCC Outstanding (No. of A/Cs and corresponding amount) for Dec 2021 and March 2022, it was observed that the outstanding amount has increasesd from the last quarter.

1.1) Farmers coverage under KCC as of March, 2022:

In Himachal Pradesh there are total 9,36,409 farmers as reported by LDMs. As of 31.03.2022, banks have covered total 436231 farmers under KCC Scheme in Himachal Pradesh and thus the average farmers' coverage under KCC Scheme reached to 47% in the State.

In district Bilaspur(44%), Chamba(25%), Kangra(32%), and Mandi(42%) the average farmer coverage is below the State average coverage under KCC. Low coverage of Farmers in these district is matter of serious debate and matter needs to be deliberated at District level Review meeting of DLCC under the Chairmanship of Deputy Commissioner so that action points/ strategies can be chalked out for improvement in farmer coverage under the KCC scheme. LDMs are requested to keep the issue of farmers' coverage under KCC as a standing agenda for the deliberation in DCC meeting.

8.1.1 Financing of FPOs

The FPOs are not able to access Credit Facility from majority of Banks due to absence of specific Circular pertaining to the financing of FPOs. All Banks should formulate the Policy for financing the FPOs at the earliest.

Also, it has been ascertained that some Banks like State Bank of India, Punjab National Bank, Bank of Baroda, Bank of India and UCO Bank have issued circulars for financing of FPOs. However, the FPOs in our State are not able to access credit facility from the Banks due to absence of such instructions at Branch level. Member Banks are requested to circulate the guidelines to their branches to enable financing to FPOs.

Small Farmers Agri-Business Consortium (SFAC) is extending Credit Guarantee Fund Scheme to FPOs Registered under Cooperative Societies Act and financed by National Cooperative Development Corporation (NCDC).

The House may review the position.

8.2) FINANCING UNDER SELF HELP GROUPS (SHGS)

Self Help Group-Bank Linkage Programme (SBLP) aims to deliver financial products & services to the section of Indian population that lacks access to formal banking.

Self-Help Group (SHG)-Bank Linkage Programme has emerged as the major microfinance programme in the country. It is being implemented by Commercial banks, Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) and cooperative banks.

Self Help Groups (SHGs)- Bank Linkage Programme is gaining importance especially on implementation of NRLM scheme and NULM Scheme which is entirely group centric, group driven poverty alleviation programme in rural as well as in

urban areas. All member banks are requested to pay preferred attention to Credit linkages of the SHGs.

The progress in credit linkages of SHGs reported by member Banks up to quarter ended Dec, 2021 mentioned as below for review of the House.

The summary position under the SHG scheme mentioned as below:

Achievement March, 2022		Outstanding as of quarter ended March, 2022 (Cumulative)		
No.	Amount in Lakh	No. Amount in Lakh		
3347	4848.88	11240	13163.44	

(Please refer to Annx-49 at page no- 137 for bank-wise progress under SHG scheme)

Comments:

- The cumulative position of credit linked SHGs showing total 11240 SHGs which indicate the active status of SHGs with banks as of 31.03.2022.
- The total number of credit linked SHGs has declined form the last quarter (11703 SHGs in Dec, 2021), as some banks have reported reduced figures. HP Gramin Bank has reported a major decline in credit linked SHGs from Dec. 2021.
- All the member Banks are requested to extend full cooperation to the SHGs
 approaching their branches in sanction of credit limits so as to help the
 needy SHG members to meet their social needs/start economic activity with
 financial assistance from the banking sector.
- As part of special Atma Nirbhar Bharat package, limit of collateral-free lending has been increased from Rs 10 lakhs to 20 lakhs for Women Self Help Groups.
- NABARD provides a grant assistance of Rs. 2000/- each for conduct of Village Level Camps (VLCs) for SHGs. Banks are requested to submit the proposals for conduct of VLPs to NABARD.

Aadhaar linkages in SHGs operated Bank accounts.

The DFS has issued guidelines to Banks that;

"For SHG Groups KYC/ Aadhaar number of SHG leader and other authorized signatory member would be sufficient for the SHG account".

Member Banks are requested to ensure compliance of the above guidelines

Digitization of Self Help Groups under 'E-Shakti' project in Himachal Pradesh The "E-Shakti" Project for digitization of all SHGs in the state has been initiated by NABARD under the GoI Mission for creating "Digital India".

- In Himachal Pradesh, the digitization of SHGs is being implemented in four districts viz., Mandi, Sirmaur, Solan and Kangra through our NGO partners. As of now, 12000 SHGs have been digitized.
- Recently, E-Shakti Phase IV is being launched in Chamba and Bilaspur districts for digitization of 500 and 700 SHGs. Banks are requested to extend their cooperation for the same.

The representative from NABARD may deliberate on the issue.

8.3) "Doubling Farmers Income by 2022"

As we all are aware, Government of India has emphasised on "Doubling of farmer's income by 2022" is one of important agenda of Government of India. Various initiatives have been taken up by various stake holders to increase production, productivity and income generation of the Farmers in the country. Commercial banks have important role to play in doubling farmers' income. Government of India have issued directions to all stakeholders including the Banks for their proactive participation to attain the objective.

The various stakeholders have adopted various strategies in a coordinated way to achieve this goal. Few such strategies/ action points are mentioned as below;

- Focus on irrigation with large budget with the aim of "per drop more crop"
- Provision of quality seeds and nutrients based on soil health of each field.
- Investment in warehousing and cold chains to prevent post harvest crop loss
- Promotion of value addition through food processing
- Creation of national farm market, removing distortions and develop infrastructure such as e-platform across 585 stations.
- Strengthening of crop insurance scheme to mitigate risk at affordable cost
- Promotion of ancillary activities like poultry, bee –keeping and fisheries.

Probable initiatives for doubling farmers' income in HP

- Promotion of high value horticulture crop.
- ◆ Provision of irrigation to all possible farm holdings
- ♦ Efficient market connectivity and linkages to national Agri- market portal
- ♦ Promotion of supplementary income generation activities Dairy, Bee keeping, NFS activities
- Provision of crop insurance to all farmers
- Rejuvenation of old plantation/ orchard.
- ♦ Promotion of agro forestry
- ◆ Promotion of more Controlled atmosphere (CA) storage.

Developing of Benchmark for Monitoring

NABARD in coordination with RBI have developed the benchmarks/indicators for monitoring and reviewing the progress under Doubling of Farmers, Income by 2022. The benchmark/indicators are mainly related to credit aspects.

For incorporating the aforesaid benchmarks/indicators for monitoring and reviewing the progress made under the scheme, review will be done on an annual basis.

Indicators are explained below;

S. No Indicator Measures

A. BENCHMARK PARAMETERS

- 1. Coverage of farmers a.No
 - a.No. of agri loan A/Cs as compared to no. of farmers in the
 - **b.** No. of SF/MF A/Cs financed (disbursed) during the year as as share of total no. of SF/MF in the State/District/Block
- 2. Short Term Credit
- a. Crop Loan disbursed per hectare of net cultivable area
- **b.** Share of SF/MF/Tenant farmers in total farmers financed (No. of A/Cs)
- **c.** Share of SF/MF/Tenant farmers in total farmers financed (Amount)
- **d.** Share of allied activities in total loans to farmers (No. of A/Cs)

e. Share of allied activities in total loans to farmers (Amount)

3. Term Loan

a. Share of SF/MF/Tenant farmers in total farmers financed (No. of A/Cs)

b. Share of SF/MF/Tenant farmers in total farmers financed (Amount)

c. Share of allied activities in total loans to farmers (No. of A/Cs)

d. Share of allied activities in total loans to farmers (Amount)

4. under Crop Insurance

Extent of coverage No. of Crop Loan accounts covered under insurance to that of total crop loan A/Cs financed

B. GROWTH PARAMETERS

1. Short

Term a. Growth in no. of A/Cs of short term credit/working capital **Credit/Working capital** for allied activities to farmers

for allied activities

b. Growth in amount of short term credit/working capital for allied activities to farmers

2. Agriculture

Capital formation in Growth in Agriculture Term Loan disbursed:

a. Agriculture and allied activities (Farm Credit)

b. Agriculture Infrastructure

c. Ancillary Activities

3. **Crop Insurance**

Growth in no. of claims received and settled

4. Market Linkage

- **Development** a. Growth in no. of FPOs financed by banks
 - **b.** Growth in no. of SHGs/JLGs financed by banks
 - c. Growth in no. of accounts financed against warehouse receipts

NABARD has designed the format which was shared with the Member Banks. We have received few queries from member banks which were shared with NABARD and it was decided to hold a meeting to review the format to simplify the same as the required information is not available with the Banks. The meeting would be held shortly.

The House may deliberate on the issue.

8.4) Progress under General credit Cards (GCCs) - / Joint liability Groups (JLGs) up to quarter ended March, 2022

In order to develop effective credit products for small/marginal/tenant farmers, oral lessees, sharecroppers, as also entrepreneur engaged in various non-farm activities, NABARD has launched the scheme for promotion of Joint Liability Groups in 2004-05 for Farm sector as well as Non-Farm Sector.

Progress as of quarter ended March, 2022										
Scheme	Achieveme quarter en	ent during the ded – March, 2022	Outstand March, 2	ding Balance as of 2022						
	No.	Amount (in Lakh)	No.	Amount (in Lakh)						
Joint Liability Groups (JLGs)	5694	4819.05	15849	8950.26						
General Credit Cards/ Swarojgar Credit Card etc. (GCCs/SCCs)	1749	15901.42	30255	71441.42						

(Source: Banks)

All banks are requested to finance JLGs as it has become a business proposition for the bankers. NABARD is providing grant assistance to the bankers for promotion of JLGs. Bankers are requested to submit the proposal to NABARD to avail grant assistance.

The House may review the position.

8.8) Review of performance of RSETIs (Rural Self Employment Training Institute): Position as of 31st March, 2022

Rural Self Employment Training Institutes (RSETIs) -an initiative of Ministry of Rural Development (MoRD) to have dedicated infrastructure at district level to impart training and skill upgradation of rural youth geared towards Entrepreneurship Development. RSETIs are managed by lead banks with active cooperation from the MoRD and Rural development Department of Govt. of HP.

	RSETIs progress in the Quarter ended 31st March, 2022										
S. No	Name of RSETI	Training for 2021-2	_	the period 01-04-2021 Training programs candidates to 31.03.2022 conducted (since		the period 01-04-2021 Training programs candidates (out of Col no			trained Col no-8	Const Of	
		No. Of training Program	dates to be traine d	No. of training programs held up to March, 2022	ates trained	No. Of training Program	tes trained	Bank Finance	Self Finance	Wage Emp.	RSE TI Build ing (Y/N)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	UCO RSETI Bilaspur	19	550	16	516	207	5301	1351	1937	158	N
2	SBI RSETI Chamba	20	500	17	377	245	5729	2052	2685	9	N
3	PNB RSETI Hamirpur	24	600	20	607	281	7073	1542	3053	342	N
4	PNB RSETI Kangra	24	600	15	457	267	6973	1722	2464	925	Y
5	PNB RSETI Kullu	22	550	17	424	203	5030	1227	1710	655	N
6	PNB RSETI Mandi	22	550	15	423	208	5014	1360	2056	30	N
7	UCO RSETI Shimla	22	580	17	437	232	5351	1313	1840	145	N
8	UCO RSETI Sirmaur	21	575	17	506	197	4570	1012	1482	53	Y
9	UCO RSETI Solan	22	625	17	400	218	5165	1447	1332	756	N
10	PNB RSETI Una	24	600	23	603	282	7082	1719	2667	564	N
	Total	220	5730	174	4750	2340	57288	14745	21226	3637	

Comments:

- In the FY 2021-22 RSETI in the State have targeted to train 5730 entrepreneurs in rural areas in total 220 training programs.
- During the FY 2021-22, 174 programs have been conducted by RSETIs in which 4750 rural youth have been trained.
- The trained Youth from RSETIs linked to Bank credit is proportionately low (26%) and still far below the national average of nearly 44%.

Points for deliberation:

Latest Status of construction of RSETI own buildings: The RSETIs are in the process of construction of RSETI building on Land allotted by the State Government and current status mentioned as below;

S. No	RSETI	Status of Construction of RSETI Building as of March, 2022
1	UCO RSETI Bilaspur	Construction work in progress
2	SBI RSETI Chamba	We should do physical verification of this land for RSETI Building. Now we are informing to our controlling office (LHO & RBO) to check the feasibility of indentified land.
3	PNB RSETI Hamirpur	Both the parties has been called to meet on round table to further discuss the matter in detail but response awaited
4	PNB RSETI Kangra	RSETI has started functioning from own Building.
5	PNB RSETI Kullu	Construction work of RSETI building again stopped by the contractor.
6	PNB RSETI Mandi	Land is not allotted by Distt. Administration
7	UCO RSETI Shimla	At present Construction work is stopped as the Contractor Mr. Charan Singh Saini has requested for extension of tenure to complete the construction work and also asked for the payment of bills which are pending at head office level.
8	UCO RSETI Sirmaur	Building work is completed. RSETI is operating from its own building.
9	UCO RSETI Solan	Construction work of RSETI Building is under progress
10	PNB RSETI Una	Construction work is almost done but NOC is pending with SADA for electricity and water connection.

In two Districts namely **Chamba and Mandi, construction work has not commenced**. Concerned Lead Bank authorities are requested to ensure commencement of construction of RSETI building at the earliest. The controlling head of Sponsored Banks of RSETIs are requested to monitor the progress of construction of RSETI building which are under progress for early completion of Building.

2) Pending training expenses reimbursement claims with DRDA/SRLM/ KVIC:

RSETIs have submitted the position of pending Claims due from Government agencies as of 31.03.2022

(Amoun	t in	though	(abac
- tamoun	T. IN	tnous	inas)

S. No.	RSETI	DRDA/SLRM	KVIC	Other agencies
1	UCO RSETI Bilaspur	7153.44	0	0
2	SBI RSETI Chamba	9416	0	0
3	PNB RSETI Hamirpur	4758	0	0

4	PNB RSETI Kangra	4917	0	0
5	PNB RSETI Kullu	3413	0	0
6	PNB RSETI Mandi	4502.33	137.7	0
7	UCO RSETI Shimla	6348.08	0	0
8	UCO RSETI Sirmaur	4773	0	0
9	UCO RSETI Solan	6472.99	0	0
10	PNB RSETI Una	6940.67	0	0
	TOTAL	58694.51	137.70	0

We request the Rural Development Department and KVIC to settle the pending claims of RSETIs at the earliest.

The representative from Rural Development Department may deliberate on the issue.

ANY OTHER ISSUE WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE CHAIR.

STATE LEVEL BANKERS'COMMITTEE HIMACHAL PRADESH CONVENOR: UCO BANK

DATA TABLES

TABLES ON DATA/INFORMATION (BANK-WISE) ON THE AGENDA NOTES- **MARCH**, **2021**

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3	5	Performance under Annual Credit Plan 2021-22 for the quarter ended March, 2022	ACP
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